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The Chinook Advance



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Vol 12. No 50

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, April 5, 1928

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SEEDS

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Simmers'

Dutch Sets and Multipliers
Seed Potatoes

Special

Broken Walnuts 40 cts.

Acadia Produce Co.

Quality—Economy—Service
C. W. RIDEOUT GEO. E. AITKEN
CHINOOK ALTA

Lower Prices

Our Spring Shipment Of

Exide Batteries

Just in, Also a Fresh Stock of Tires

Batteries \$11.85 up. Tires \$6.75 up

Come in and look them over. Have a ride in the New Ford

COOLEY BROS. GARAGE

CHINOOK Phone 10 ALTA.



FRESH MEATS

Tempting to the eye greets
you here in a variety that
pleases all customers.

For your Easter Dinner
Try a Roast of Lamb

BEEF, VEAL, PORK, MUTTON

OUR HOME-MADE SAUSAGE
A SPECIALTY

FRESH FISH EVERY WEEK

Chinook Meat Market

LOCAL ITEMS

Mr. Roy Mart is acting as cook
at the hotel this week.

Mr. R. Vanhook made a busi-
ness trip to Calgary this week.

W. H. Hurley has had a new
roof put on his store this week.

Mr. Cyril Britton purchased a
new Chevrolet Sedan last week.

T. O. Stephenson, of Sedalia,
was a Chinook visitor on Saturday.

Messrs O. L. Mielke and W. A.
Korek were Cereal visitors last
Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bray left for Cal-
gary on Sunday morning to spend
a few days.

Harold Stewart returned home
this week from the Technical
school at Calgary.

Miss Vera Vennard, of Sibbald,
is visiting at the home of Mrs. W.
Milligan this week.

Miss Dorothy Roberts, of the
Royal Bank, Cereal, was a Chin-
ook visitor on Friday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Wright Lawrence
and little daughter were Calgary
visitors for a few days this week.

There was a large representa-
tion from the Heathdale district
at the leap year dance on Friday.

Mrs. J. Foster and daughter, of
Hanna, were visitors at the home
of Mr. and Mrs. R. Vanhook over
the week end.

Mrs. J. Ferguson and Mrs. H.
Nogan were in Chinook Friday
and attended the concert and leap
year dance at the school.

Mr. Jack Carpenter, son of Dr.
Carpenter, Principal of the Tech-
nical School at Calgary, is visiting
Harold Stewart this week.

Mr. Ernie Robinson, who has
been spending the winter months
in the south-western States, return-
ed to Chinook on Monday.

Mrs. Rennie gave a bridge party
last week to a number of friends.
Mrs. B. Dobson won the highest
score and Mrs. Carter the consul-
ation.

Mah Bros. were the first to
start improvements in town this
spring. They have put a new
roof on their restaurant and paint-
ed the outside of their building,
which has added greatly to its
appearance.

Mr. C. Clauson has purchased
the Marcy farm north of town.

Mrs. K. L. Parks, of Sibbald, is
visiting relatives in Chinook this
week.

Mr. W. W. Isbister made a
business visit to Drumheller last
Friday.

Mr. Harry Strong has purchas-
ed the J. McColl farm at Coll-
holme this week.

Leslie Milligan has rented the
R. J. McLean farm from the
Mortgage Company.

The National Elevator Co. is
putting in an Air Dump and also
the Western Canada Flour Mills
Elevator.

Mr. and Mrs. Berry, who have
been living in town during the
winter months, moved out to their
farm Monday.

Murdock McPherson went to
Oyen on Wednesday to compete
in the oratorical contest in the
Oyen inspectorate.

Mr. and Mrs. John Grippe and
daughter, of Oyen, were visiting
at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P.
Peterson and other friends around
Chinook the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. McInnis, who
have been assisting at the Acadia
Hotel for the past month, have
gone out to the C. Poekens farm
at Heathdale for the summer.

A birthday party was given at
the home of Mrs. Vanhook on
Saturday evening, in honor of
Mrs. Jacques. Mrs. Foster, of
Hanna, was one of the guests.

Miss Vera Youngren, teacher at
Heathdale, has gone to board with
Mrs. Walter Anderson. Miss
Youngren's brother, Bobbie, who
is attending the Heathdale school,
is also boarding with Mrs. Ander-
son.

The Ladies' Card Club met last
Thursday evening at the Acadia
Hotel, Mrs. Steckle being the
hostess. Mrs. Lloyd Robinson
held the highest score of the even-
ing. A set of beautiful silver
salts and pepper shakers was the
prize for the winner.

The Annual Meeting of the
Chinook United Church to be
held Wed., April 11, at 8 p. m.
will take the form of a Church
Social. Reports will be heard
from officials elected for 1928.
A fine set of pictures will be
shown and the Ladies' Aid are
providing Light Refreshments.
This is an invitation to all Adults
and young people, members and
friends and supporters to join us
in a Church "At Home."

Sunday School will hencefor-
ward be at 11 a. m. Sunday
morning.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that all
persons having claims upon the
estate of John Gert Kanstrup,
who died on or about the 14th
day of January, A. D. 1928, are
required to file with Shouldice &
Farthing, 37 Canada Life Build-
ing, Calgary, Alberta, by the 12th
day of May, A. D. 1928, a full
statement duly verified of their
claims and of any securities held
by them, and that after that date
the Administratrix will distribute
the assets of the deceased among
the parties entitled thereto, hav-
ing regard only to the claims of
which notice has been filed, or
which have been brought to her
knowledge.

Dated at Calgary, Alberta, this
3rd day of April, A. D. 1928.
Hedwig A. Kanstrup, Adminis-
tratrix of the said estate, care of
Shouldice & Farthing, 37 Canada
Life Building, Calgary, Alberta.

Overalls, Shirts, Shoes

G.W.G. 9.oz. gold and red back Overalls \$2.75

Master Mechanic 9 oz. gold back and silver
bar Overalls

G.W.G. Shirts, we stock a number of ranges
for \$1.25

Our Double Wear Shoe is a winner \$5.50

Groceries Fruit Dry Goods

HURLEY'S

CHINOOK

ALBERTA

Gopher Poison

Now is the time to get them. One now is worth a dozen
later on. We have all the popular brands, Strychnine, Ready
Rodo, Gophercide and Bingo.

See us for quotations on quantity orders.

FORMALDEHYDE

Let us fill your jug or bottle. You will be satisfied.

E. E. JACQUES

DRUGGIST

CHINOOK

Spring Requirements

Kalsomine, Floor Paint, Varnish
Formaldehyde

Bolts, Grease, Oil, Etc.

Our Stock Is In Good Shape

Banner Hardware

Chinook,

Alta.

Harness For Spring

Now is the time to buy, for they will advance later

About Your Collars

It is very important that your Collars fit correctly. We will
be glad to give you the benefit of our advice
and years of experience

Saddles, Halters, Rope, Sweat Pads, Harness Parts, Harness
Hardware, Harness Oil and Axle Grease
BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, GLOVES and SOX

S. H. SMITH

Phone 14.

Chinook

Let Us Figure That Job.

That's all we ask. It will cost you nothing; you will assume
no obligation. All we ask is that you let us figure your house
or barn bill, and we'll show you how to save money on the high-
est quality building material you can buy. Don't question our
ability to do what we say. Give us a chance to show you where
you can do best for yourself. Free plan and estimate service.

Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.,

CHINOOK

O. L. MIELKE, Mgr.

PHONE 12

A number of the residents of
Laughlin district gave a surprise
party at the home of Mr. David
Stewart on Saturday evening.

Quite a number of young peo-
ple from Cereal attended the Leap
Year concert and dance given by
the Chinook School Literary So-
ciety on Friday evening.

Born on Saturday, March 24th,
in the Cereal Hospital a son to
Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Wilson.

Miss Margaret Young, who has
been attending Business College
at Edmonton, arrived Monday
morning to spend the Easter vaca-
tion with her parents, Mr. and
Mrs. J. S. Young.

CALL ON THE
CHINOOK ADVANCE
when ordering your Letter Heads, Bill
Heads, Envelopes, Statements,
Sale Bills, or any line of
Commercial Printing

Our Work Will Please You

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

Red Rose Orange Pekoe
—Top Quality
In clean, bright Aluminum

Protect Our Forest Resources

Among the varied natural resources which go to make up Canada's enormous potential wealth, the forests occupy a most important place. As is now generally known, Canada has within recent years moved into first place among the nations of the world in the production of paper, having passed the United States which up to a few years ago was the world's largest producer. The great development of water powers, now so marked a feature of Canada's industrial progress, has been largely brought about because of the growth of the pulp and paper industry. This water power development is, however, affecting the whole life of the Dominion.

Apart from the pulp and paper industry, the forests have an influence, and play a direct part upon practically every department of Canada's national life whether it be the social, economic, financial, agricultural or industrial. It is of the utmost importance, therefore, that the forests of Canada be protected and conserved.

In full realization of this fact, the Dominion Government has by royal proclamation issued by His Excellency the Governor-General, set apart the week of April 22 to 28 as "Canadian Forest Week." Statements contained in this royal proclamation may serve to bring home to Canadians the effect and value of forests in ways to which they have given little thought. In this proclamation the following facts are emphasized:

1. Our national income depends on our forest industries more than on any other source except agriculture.
2. Our forest industries depend on the timber crops now standing ripe in the forest, and their very existence is jeopardized by any preventable wastage of these supplies. The future of the forest industries depends on the young growth and immature timber of today, and the prosperity of these industries will be in direct proportion to the care and protection afforded this growing timber.
3. Our water-powers depend upon the stability of stream flow throughout the year, the equilibrium of which is disturbed by denudation of the forest cover in the drainage basins, resulting in alternate periods of floods and low water.
4. Our irrigation works demand protection—forests are the fountain-head of irrigation.
5. Our agricultural lands depend on distant watersheds for the maintenance of subsoil moisture during the growing period, and are robbed of productivity by gradual run-off which occurs when the forests are destroyed.
6. Our game and fur-bearing animals depend on the forest for their natural protection, and decrease in numbers or retreat to more remote regions as the forest cover disappears.
7. Our tourist traffic depends in a great measure on scenic and other attractions offered in such abundance by the forest and would be seriously affected if verdant woodlands be transformed into desolate wastes. This enormously valuable asset to any country—Canada is among the wealthiest in forest resources among the nations of the world—is threatened by two dangers both of which are man-caused and therefore preventable. (1) Almost universal carelessness with fire in the forest, resulting in the destruction, not only of timber and young growth, but of the very soil which produces it, and (2) the use of wasteful and destructive cutting methods without any thought of ensuring a new crop.
8. It is in recognition of all these facts that during "Canadian Forest Week," April 22 to 28, which is also the beginning of another season of travel and recreation in the forest with attendant fire danger, the people of Canada are officially urged to resolve for another year to recognize the situation as set out in this royal proclamation and to give careful heed to the information issued by the several forest authorities and agencies in Canada to the end that all may be encouraged to a sustained and patriotic effort in promoting the conservation of this valuable resource.

The Worm Has Turned

Union For Men's Rights Is Organized In Tibet
Masculinists are on the march in Tibet. These women's rights have been achieved. Every woman has at least three husbands, whom she keeps or casts aside at will. A discarded husband is an outcast from society, and all except the favorite husband must work for the wife.
One of these working Tibetan husbands—Anouki by name—has seen what feminism leads to, risen above the ideology of his environment, and organized a union for men's rights. He and some five hundred desperate followers have even tramped to the holy city of Lhasa with a banner inscribed "Striking husbands of Tibet" and with placards reading "Down with the tyranny of women," "Men must have financial independence," "Abolish polyandry." The outcome is not yet known; at last reports, the rebellious husbands had not returned home.—The Outlook, New York.

School For Immigrants

The Saskatchewan Government has a community school scheme to provide adult immigrants from Europe with a thorough knowledge of the language, history, ideals, and agricultural methods of Canada.

Western Canada Range Areas
There are between five and six million acres of leased range lands in Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Cuts-Burns
Vicks' healing, anti-septic ingredients bring soothing relief. Apply gently.
VICKS
VAPORUB
OVER 21 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

W. N. U. 1727

Millions For Publicity

National Advertisers Spent \$225,000 in 1927 in Newspaper Advertising
National advertisers spent \$225,000 for newspaper advertising in 1927, the bureau of advertising of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association has announced.
Estimates showed that 352 companies had expended \$122,500,000, of which the greatest sum, \$33,500,000, was spent by 57 automobile concerns. Eighty-two food advertisers spent \$24,045,000, and 14 tobacco companies spent \$15,200,000.

Externally Or Internally, It Is Good.—When applied externally by brisk rubbing, Dr. Thomas' Eucalypti Oil enters the pores and penetrates the tissue, touching the seat of the trouble and immediately affording relief. Administered internally, it will still the irritation in the throat which induces coughing and will relieve affections of the bronchial tubes and respiratory organs. Try it and be convinced.

Sight Makes a Difference

Race Horses Always Run Faster If They See Well
The horses that run fastest are those that can see best. Tests made with special instruments and powerful lights in an attempt to increase the speed of race-horses have shown that one horse out of every ten suffers from defective sight.

To correct this, racers were fitted with old-fashioned spectacles, and it was said that the animals' time for a quarter of a mile was often bettered by as much as three seconds. Many circumstances affect a horse's speed, but numerous tests with and without glasses have proved that sight does make a difference.

It is part of the Turkish religion to cure for all people of Turkey.

Minard's Liniment for Backache.

Praise For Canadian West

Success Assured For Those Who Are Willing To Work

Let it be thoroughly understood by all intending immigrants that the Canadian prairie, either north or south, breaks the man who sets out to subdue it. Prizes there are to be won, without a doubt. Broad areas of fertile wheat land regularly yielding their vast stores of golden grain. Great herds of sleek cattle dotted about the emerald hills in summer, or safely sheltered inside many buildings in the winter. Big, warm, comfortable houses, furnace-heated, their basements piled with stacks of wood and coal. Lavish tables spread with wholesome food in such profusion as the Londoner never dreams of. Automobiles, radios, telephones, "electro-power"—everybody can have them. Prosperity and abundance are within reach of all who have enough tenacity to forge and use the magic key—work.—Wide World Magazine (London.)

A TIRED FEELING IN SPRINGTIME

Not Sick, But Not Up To The Mark—You Need The Help Of That Sterling Tonic, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills—They Give New Vitality.

With the passing of winter many people feel weak, depressed and easily tired. The body lacks the vital force and energy pure blood alone can give. In a word, while not exactly sick, the indoor life of winter has left its mark upon them. A blood-building, nerve-restoring tonic is needed to give renewed health and energy. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are an all-year-round blood builder and nerve tonic, but are especially useful in the spring. Every dose helps to make new, rich, red blood, and with this new blood returning strength, cheerfulness and good health quickly follow.

If you are pale, easily tired, or breathless at the least exertion, if your complexion is poor or you are troubled with pimples or eruptions, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are just what you need to put you right. If you have twinges of rheumatism, are subject to headaches and backaches, if you are irritable and nervous, if your sleep does not refresh you, or your appetite is poor, you need the treatment Dr. Williams' Pink Pills alone can give you need the new blood, new strength and new energy this medicine always brings. Mr. A. Marcotte, North Hanover, Que., writes:—"I have found great benefit from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Before I began using them I was in a bad way. I was tired, nervous, and at times felt scarcely able to work. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have changed all that, and since I have been using them I am enjoying the best of health. Every man who feels run down and easily tired should give this great medicine a fair trial."

Try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for anemia, rheumatism, neuralgia, indigestion or nervousness. Take them as a tonic if you are not in the best physical condition and cultivate a resistance that will keep you well and strong. You can get these pills through any medicine dealer, or by mail at 50c. a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

New Settlers Making Good

Alberta Board Reports Payments Met By Large Number
Sixty-five per cent. of the settlers on land under the Calgary District of the Land Settlement Branch have already met their payments. This fact in the year which ends June 30, 1928, according to W. S. Woods, superintendent of the Board of Calgary. More than \$513,000 has been collected, out of \$765,000 due, and the board has security upon wheat pool assignments yet to be realized upon covering deferred payments on more than 200,000 bushels of wheat. This is regarded by officials of the board as a particularly good showing.

A French astronomer now figures that the sun will continue to supply us with heat and light for 150 million years.

Every man knows some other man who is smarter than himself, but he does not like to admit it.

For Every Milk Need



Borden's
ST. CHARLES
EVAPORATED MILK
It's Unsweetened

Royal Yeast Cakes

STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 50 YEARS
MAKE BETTER HOME MADE BREAD

PAYS FINE TRIBUTE TO A GERMAN DIPLOMAT

Lord Grey Refers To Sterling Character Of Prince Lichnowsky

Lord Grey of Fallodon, opening a new institute and training centre for the blind at Leeds, paid a tribute to the late Prince Lichnowsky, who, he said, did a great work for peace. Lord Grey said:

Prince Lichnowsky, whom the lord mayor truly described as a great friend of mine, was the German ambassador in this country at the time of the outbreak of war. I was very closely associated with him for two years. During the London conference of 1912 I saw how earnestly he worked for peace, and on that occasion happily with success. In 1914 he worked no less earnestly for peace, but was unable to avert the catastrophe of war.

I will not say anything for a moment today upon the question of war responsibility. There will always be a great propaganda on the subject which will do more to obscure than to reveal the truth. Historians will differ in their accounts of the causes and the conduct of the war according to their personal feelings and national prejudices; but I hope that history will give an honored place to the men of high position who did all they could to avert war, and amongst them Prince Lichnowsky's name must always have an honorable place.

We in this country should remember him favorably, because at a time when in Germany the public men of this country and British policy were the subject of intense misrepresentation he had the courage and fairness in his own country to speak the truth about us. I trust that those efforts for peace, though they failed to avert the Great War, will not be without fruit in an example for the future generations, and I hope that men of the same character and determination to avert war will be found, at moments of political crises, in the places of responsibility. I read with great regret news of his death, for he did a great work for peace.—London Times.

The worms that infest children from their birth are of two kinds, those that find lodgment in the stomach, and those that are found in the intestines. The latter are the most destructive, as they cling to the walls of the intestine and if not interfered with, will have there. Miller's Worm Powders dislodge both kinds and while expelling them from the system, cause to repair the damage they have caused.

Canadian System Best

Earl Of Elgin Thinks General Hospital Gives Best Service

An address on Canada was given by the Earl of Elgin, who recently toured this country, in the Victoria Hall, Hensburgh. In the course of his address, which was illustrated with lantern slides, he said the people in Scotland could very well adopt the Canadian system of hospitals. In place of the private nursing home and the general hospital as separate institutions, one large hospital provided treatment for private paying-patients in separate wings of the same building to which non-paying patients were also admitted. The result was that the services of the best doctors and the most up-to-date equipment were available to all.

Holloway's Corn Remover takes the corn out by the roots. Try it and prove it.

It takes about half a minute on the average for a drop of blood to complete its trip through the body from the time it leaves the heart until the time it gets back.

Minard's Liniment for cuts and bruises.

Canadian War Ace

Feted In Germany

Colonel Bishop, V.C., Made Member Of German Ace Association
Colonel Bishop, V.C., interviewed on his experiences in Germany where he was the guest of honor of the German aces, said that quite unexpectedly he found famous aviators coming up and saying they were proud to make his acquaintance. They knew him as the Canadian who shot down 72 German machines during the war but now that the war was over they said they were no longer enemies but comrades who had all been doing their duty. They invited Bishop to lunch at the Aero Club.
Udet, who shot down 62 allied planes, came to Berlin, specially to meet Bishop.

On proposal of Udet, Bishop was made a member of the German Ace Association. Bishop humorously replied that he deserved the honor for he was accused of crashing more British planes than the German had ever done.

It was recalled that Richthofen was given full military honors when he was shot down and that other German aviators, when captured, were made members of British messes and treated as guests of honor.

Apples Will Be Marked

Canadian Fruit Sent To England Designated As Such

A Canadian apple on the English market will soon be known and designated as such, according to a report received by cable from J. Forsyth Smith, Canadian fruit trade commissioner to Great Britain. In the past Canadian apples and other varieties of fruit imported into Great Britain have simply been sold as apples. According to the new recommendation by the standing committee for agriculture and horticulture produce both retail marking and container marking on imported fruit will be made law under the British Merchandise Marks Act.

Makes Breathing Easy. The construction of the air passages and the struggle for breath are too familiar evidence of asthmatic trouble, cannot daunt Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. This is the famous remedy which is known far and wide for its complete effectiveness even under very severe conditions. It is no untold, experimental preparation, but one with many years of strong service behind it. Buy it from your nearest dealer.

Takes Out Many Patents

New Jersey Boy One Of Youngest Inventors

Fred T. Roberts, Jr., is one of the youngest inventors in the United States. At the age of ten he made his first invention and now, twelve years old, he has taken out seven patents. His latest device, a tool for placing on the market, is a tool for placing automobiles without putting the jack under the axle. He thought of the idea while changing a tire, which had settled in the mud, for his mother.

A clip, placed over the spring, has an opening into which fits a bar 10 inches long. The jack may be placed anywhere under the bar.

Four Great War Figures

The premier of Britain when the great war broke out, the British commander-in-chief on the main front, the German ambassador to Britain in August, 1914, and Marshal Diaz, Italian commander-in-chief in the war—all died within a few weeks.

Many people in Madagascar live in villages 20 miles from water and get their beverages from the cactus plant or drink milk.

if your horse
has a cough or cold or has been exposed to disease give it Spohn's
Use Spohn's to keep your horse healthy, vigorous, and free from disease. It is a powerful disinfectant, cleanses, soothes, and restores the system. It is a powerful disinfectant, cleanses, soothes, and restores the system. It is a powerful disinfectant, cleanses, soothes, and restores the system.
SPOHN'S
DISTEMPER COMPOUND
Use and it will drive out disease. Write for free booklet.
Spohn Medical Company, Dept. 23, Boston, Ind.

For all washing and cleaning
GILLEX
Saves Soap Saves Work
Every woman's Maid-of-all-work

Long Air Trip Completed

Woman Has Finished Flight From England To Australia

The longest flight ever undertaken by a woman has been completed at Port Darwin, Australia. Mrs. Keith Miller and Capt. W. N. Lancaster, flying a two-seater light plane, the Red Rose, arrived here from Croydon, England, a flight of 19,000 miles. The couple started from England on October 14, and carried their luggage in two suit-cases. En route they met with several mishaps, the worst of which was at Muntok, Banka Island, Dutch East Indies. Mrs. Miller's nose was broken, and Capt. Lancaster's lip cut, and it was doubtful for a time whether they could continue their flight. The plane was repaired, however, and they covered the scheduled stages without further incident. The flyers intend to continue to Sydney, N.S.W.

Drill For Oil Near Cochrane

Denver capital will drill a test well in search of oil north-west of Calgary not far from Cochrane. Toronto interests will drill in the Sulfield field in Southern Alberta. Both are closed corporations with no stock for sale.

"Ma, you were wrong about the wedding," bawled little Tommy, his mother having come in late.
"What do you mean?"
"You said Mr. Plubub was going into it blindfolded, but he didn't."

Ocean Fare £2

Under the British Nomination Scheme, your relatives and friends can travel at this low rate from

Britain to Canada

also reduced rate fares—children under 17 years of age—on all routes. For complete information, please write or call personally at White Star Offices in Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton, Vancouver, etc.

WHITE STAR LINE
CANADIAN SERVICE

Representatives Wanted

Stop Throwing Safety Razor Blades Away

RHODES KRIS-KROSS STOPPER
gives you sharp, new, keen-edged blades every day.

Keen, quick, velvet shaves for life. Your efforts backed by national advertising. Liberal commission. Fill in coupon below.

Without obligation, send me particulars of Rhodes Kris-Kross Stopper.
Name
Address
Town Province
Canadian Kris-Kross Dept., W.N. 2,
39 Wellington St. E., Toronto, Ont.

HERCULES

PERMANENT BUILDING PAPER

Buyers Seek the Warm and Dry Homes

Forethought in building a home makes a good selling proposition. Buyers find a warm, dry house the most desirable. Any house is impervious to wind and dampness when protected by Hercules Permanent Building Paper.

In three grades—x, xx, xxx—Hercules has been tested and proven wind proof and damp proof.

Prove it for yourself. Samples sent gladly.

Appleford Paper Products
HAMILTON, CANADA

Electrification Of Rural Areas In Canada Is Being Carried Out On Increasing Scale

That electrification of rural areas in Canada will be carried out on a broad and increasing scale in the next few years is pretty well indicated by progress to date and plans being laid for the future. The province of Ontario has been leading through the activities of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission which was supplying 10,000 rural customers with electric service from nearly 2,300 miles of rural electric lines at the date of its last annual report. Since then more than 800 miles of lines have been built and plans for this year contemplate the construction of an additional thousand miles, bringing the total to 4,000 miles of line especially built to supply farmers and others in rural areas with electric light and power.

Indications are that progress in rural electrification will be rapid in Western Canada. Electric power lines are spreading out from Winnipeg, Regina, and Calgary particularly. These will not only supply the smaller towns with electric light and power but will bring the boon of electricity to many farms along the way. Manitoba is taking the lead and at a conference in Winnipeg recently of power, agricultural and manufacturing interests, plans were formulated for establishing electrical test farms as a step toward promoting the electrification of rural areas. This plan has been followed by the National Electric Light Association in the United States and it is interesting to note the number of uses to which electricity is being put on the demonstration farms. The installations include such things as refrigeration, lighting, pumping water, milking, cooking, heating, ironing, washing, cleaning, sewing, ventilation, power for hoisting and cutting and for grinding and mixing feed and fertilizers. The list embraces all the uses of electricity in city houses and many special uses adapted to the farms.

It is predicted that a million farms in the United States will be using electricity inside of five years, a prediction supported by the fact that the number of "electrified" farms in 27 states doubled in three years, from 122,000 in 1923, to 227,500 in 1926. It is also interesting to note the progress being made in electrification of farms in New Zealand. Five years ago internal combustion engines made up 90 per cent. of the farm power plants. Recently, of 23,540 power plants, 8,436 or 36 per cent. were electric motors. The most widespread use of farm power in New Zealand is for milking equipment of which there were over 17,000 units in use last year. The electric motor supplies an ideal drive and can be moved around for other purposes.

Electrification of rural areas will certainly proceed rapidly in Canada and with abundance of water power and rates generally very much lower than in the United States, it will be surprising indeed, if, at the end of five years, there are not in Canada as many or more electrical farms in proportion to population as there are in the neighboring republic.

Mining Canadian Asbestos
The productive deposits of asbestos in the Eastern Townships of Quebec are worked in open pits, and the best grades of long fibre material, known as "crude" are hand-sorted to separate them from the rock; but to recover the crude short-fibre asbestos from the smaller veins the rock is crushed and the fibre separated mechanically by elaborate processes in large mills.

Novel Letter Box
A novel letter box has been constructed at Leipzig. The letter is placed in an opening and then coils of the value of the stamps required are placed in slots provided for them. Thereupon the envelope is automatically stamped and the letter falls into the box.



"If we were invisible we could get money for showing ourselves!"
Bondagmiss-Strix, Stockholm.

W. H. U. 1727

Thorough Milking

Milking the Cow To the Last Drop Is Good Dairy Practice

In an experiment performed at the O.A.C. Guelph, to determine the value of milk taken at different periods during the ten minutes that a cow was being relieved of her half-day production the following interesting figures were obtained:

The first three pounds milked out tested less than one per cent. of butter fat; the next four pounds tested above 2.5 per cent.; the third portion, weighing over four pounds, tested better than 5.5 per cent.; while the last portion milked, weighing nearly six pounds, tested over 9 per cent. butter fat. A half tea cup of milk left in the udder each time of milking would mean a loss of nearly a dollar a month per cow less in butter fat. Furthermore, milk left in the udder will soon bring about the condition of dryness. Thorough milking out is essential to success in dairying. Get the last drop.

Coming To Canada

Former Royal Navy Men Being Brought Out Through Navy League

Former Royal Navy men with their families will be brought to Canada through the Navy League of Canada, according to the head of the delegation from Canada which recently conferred with the British body. The general scheme is to find jobs for discharged naval men and their families, the Navy League taking care of them from the point of their departure until they reach their destination and supervising them after being placed in employment.



A Smartly Simple Frock

A good-looking dress combining two tones of georgette crepe. It has perfectly straight, slender lines. The designer has concentrated the fulness at front of skirt with dainty shirring at upper edge, which is repeated at either shoulder. The V-neck is finished with an inset vestee and scarf tie. Novelty wool crepe is decidedly smart for sport; two surfaces of crepe suit in for general wear, with Pussy Willow Indian Print silk in combination with plain crepe, for semi-sports. Design No. 949 is in sizes 16 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards 36-inch, or 2 1/2 yards 54-inch material with 3/4 yard 40-inch contrasting. Price 25 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dress-maker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 176 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Patterns No. _____ Size _____

Name _____

Address _____

City _____

State _____

Country _____

DEVELOPMENT OF THE WEST

Such a Lot Has Been Accomplished In a Short Space Of Time

At Saturday night's banquet in celebration of the opening of the new C.N.R. station, vivid reminders were given of how short a time it is since railway transportation began in the west and how great has been its development. General Superintendent Brown, who still brings the greatest vigor to the discharge of his duties, recalled how, when he commenced railroading out of Winnipeg, the trains had to stop to let the herds of buffalo go by. Mr. John A. McDougall, who came to Edmonton by oxcart and has ever since been an active figure in this community, pointed out that at that time the white people in all the country between Portage la Prairie and the Rockies were no more numerous than those assembled in one room at the C.N.R.'s guests.

These and other reminiscences brought home as nothing else could do how rapid has been western progress. On such an occasion it is always well to look back over the way by which we have come. In doing so we are able to appreciate much better what the future must hold for this country. The optimism with regard to it that was expressed was not simply the product of the festive gathering. It is supported by facts and figures the significance of which cannot be disputed. These cited by Vice-President Hungerford were especially convincing. Last year he informed his guests, Alberta produced more railway tonnage per head of population than any other province. For each person within our borders there were 15.7 ton miles, by which traffic is measured, as against 15.2 in Ontario, which ranks second, and an average of 11.3 for the Dominion.

The growth in the traffic centering in Edmonton since the C.N.R. steel entered the city twenty-two years ago last November has been of astonishing proportions. Anyone who had then ventured to predict such development in that space of time would probably have met with a rejoinder similar to that which a Liverpool merchant gave to George Stephenson in 1826, when he told what his first locomotive was capable of doing. The merchant offered to eat stewed chicken for breakfast when a speed of ten miles an hour was reached. But great as has been the achievement to date, we can have every confidence that it will be much outdistanced in early prospect. This is why the railway has undertaken the improvement of its Edmonton facilities and has lost little time following the agreement with the municipality in completing the spacious terminal that is now in use.—Edmonton Journal.

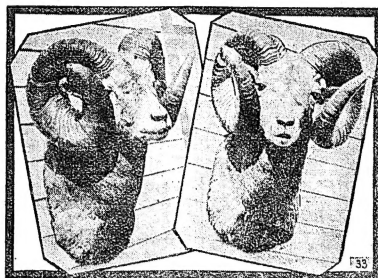
Seed Growers' Association

Saskatchewan Registered Seed Growers Report Sales Increasing

Highly favorable reports of the workings of the Saskatchewan Registered Seed Growers' Association were heard at the recent meeting of the Association held in Moose Jaw. The officials met to discuss the operations of the organization. The business, it was reported, is now at its height of shipping. Sales are far in excess of the corresponding period last year, with both internal and export registered seed traffic increasing.

Adversity sometimes brings a man's good points out—by the roots.

Record Sheep Heads Caught



Two fine examples of the elusive mountain sheep were recently captured by Jim Brewster, of Brewster Transportation Co., in the Banff Territory. The heads captured are records for the size, the one on the right being 19 inches with the other 18 1/2, this measurement applies from the highest point on the horn to that on the opposite side.

These sheep are often seen from the windows of Canadian Pacific trains which travel through that district.

Where Canada Spends Most

U.S. Holds Leading Place In Canadian Trade

An indication of the prevailing encouraging condition of business in Canada is given in the Canadian trade report for the 12 months ended January 31, 1928. The total trade of the Dominion for this period was \$2,325,762,281, an increase of \$24,661,202 over the 12 months ended January 31, 1927. Of this total, exports amounted to \$1,237,943,566, and imports \$1,087,818,715, a balance in favor of exports of \$150,124,851.

The United States, as for a long time past, again holds the leading place in Canadian Trade. In the 12 months under review Canada bought from the United States goods to the value of \$706,236,720, or about 57 per cent of population of the Dominion. The United States was Canada's best customer, an individual country, with total purchases at \$171,637,356; Great Britain was in second place with \$407,386,546. Canadian imports from the United States were valued at \$463,876,905, which is more than the total value of imports from the whole of the British Empire.

Canada's principal foreign trade is done with 29 countries.

Says Photographing Royalty Easy Task

Are Patient and Most Courteous Says London Expert

"Photographing royalty is the easiest thing in the world. They display the most patience and are the most courteous of all people."

These statements were made by Richard Neville Speaight, managing director of a firm of London photographers, warrant holders to the Prince of Wales, and the king and queen of the Belgians, who arrived at Halifax on board the Cunarder, Aurania.

Mr. Speaight referred to the photographing of the Prince of Wales, taken at Halifax on his visit here in 1919, which is now universally known as the "smiling Prince," as a really fine picture. On account of the story connected with it, which is that the Prince who was signing a visitor's book was told that he was signing the pledge, causing him to look up and smile, this photograph has created a joke wherever it has gone. Mr. Speaight added.

Settlers For Alberta

Effort To Bring Out Six Hundred New Families This Year

Over 600 new families arriving in Canada this year with limited capital can be looked after and settled advantageously in Alberta by the various provincial agents of the Canada Colonization Association, according to reports submitted by various representatives at the annual Alberta convention just concluded. The objective first set was 400 families, but a survey showed that at least 200 more settlements could be made. T. O. F. Herzer, manager of the association, reported that during the past three years 486 families had been settled in Alberta on 122,926 acres of land, of which 183 were settled last year.

Customer—"Have you a book on salmon?"
Book Clerk—"Yeah—(yawn)—we've got one. Look around and maybe you'll see it. I haven't read it myself."
Customer—"I should say you haven't!"

Canada Now Leads The World As An Exporter Of Wheat And Of Wheat Products

Made First Pulp Wood Paper

Nova Scotia Man Discovered Process Ninety Years Ago

Recent announcement of the plans to establish a \$12,000,000 paper mill in Nova Scotia has recalled the fact that it was in Nova Scotia that the manufacture of paper from wood pulp was first invented, 90 years ago. Charles Fenerty, son of a pioneer settler, was the man who saw the possibilities of utilizing the wood pulp and in 1838 he presented samples of fine white paper at the office of the Acadia Recorder, Halifax. The idea was quickly caught up and perfected elsewhere and while the Nova Scotian genius received little compensation in his life, his native province now stands a chance of reaping some benefits from his invention.

Near Fenerty's home on the old Bedford road near Halifax, there was a paper mill in which the product was manufactured from rags. Also, near by, were three lumber mills. The idea came to young Fenerty that the waste in the lumber mills, might be utilized in paper making in place of rags. For years he worked on the idea, making whatever research and experiments his restricted facilities and means permitted and at last, in 1838, he was able to announce success. Fenerty took his idea abroad and it was met with universal success although of course greatly elaborated and exploited. At once it fell into the hands of those with the means and scientific knowledge to perfect it and, while mills sprung up in many places and Nova Scotia wood was exported in great quantities, no mills located in Nova Scotia.

Asks For Restricted Use Of Firearms

Ottawa Journal Suggests Ways To Prevent Many Serious Accidents

Under the head "The Deadly Gun," The Ottawa Journal in an editorial urges the prohibition of the indiscriminate use of firearms. The Journal puts the matter thus: "Friend Fires Shot and Boy Falls Dead."

"Boy Seriously Hurt When Gun Goes Off."
"Don't Know It Was Loaded."
"Gun Slips, Boy Ahead Killed."
"Another Shooting Accident; Woman Dead."

The foregoing are all headlines taken from the daily press within a few days. What is the answer? The answer surely is that Parliament should take steps prohibiting the indiscriminate possession of firearms. At the present time a bill passed by the Senate prohibiting the possession of weapons, is before the House of Commons. Last year, after passing the Senate, it was fully considered by a committee of the Commons and reported to the House with some slight amendments. The bill, re-introduced this year (it is the work of Senator Selwyn) should be passed, thinks The Journal. "It would go a long way, we think, to lessen the toll of fatalities, accidental and criminal, which grow worse with the years."

Don't Be a "Pickflaw"

People Who Point Out Unimportant Mistakes Are a Nuisance

A sagacious writer has coined the word "pickflaw." Everybody knows what he means without any explanation. Everybody has suffered from pickflaws. Everybody has had the experience of having his well-intended work discredited by some pickflaw who discovers a tiny error in it. The preacher's sermon may be eloquent, learned, and helpful, but some pickflaw points out that where he said A.D. 29 he should have said A.D. 28, and the preacher's sermon is spoiled for many hearers. "If he makes one mistake, he probably made others," they think. Of course mistakes ought to be pointed out when they are really important, when they affect the subject under discussion; but when they are only irrelevant flaws in an otherwise fine piece of work, he who points them out is a mischievous nuisance; he is a pickflaw. Don't be like him, for he is a poor chap to copy.

Distribution Of Our Water-Power

The full measure of the water-power of the Dominion cannot be gathered from statistics alone. Its outstanding value lies in the comparatively even distribution from coast to coast of ample power that can be economically applied to industrial and agricultural requirements, rather than in the impressive total amount of the power available in the whole Dominion.

Among the field crops of Canada wheat stands supreme. No other national product has been able to compare with it as a vitalizing influence upon the economic life of the Dominion as a whole and nothing has attracted so much attention from the outside world.

The first real impetus to wheat growing in Western Canada was received about 1870 when the first "purifier" for separating bran and middlings from flour was introduced from the United States.

About 1870 "wheat-trading" as a definite business enterprise became firmly established. In that year the crop report issued by the Canadian Government, and which incidentally was the first Government report to be issued up to that time, placed the wheat acreage at 480,000 acres. In 1927 the acreage sown to wheat was 22,400,154 acres, with a yield of 24,024,760 bushels.

As an exporter of wheat and wheat products Canada now leads the world, having a greater surplus for export than any other country. It is interesting to note in this connection that Canada actually exports as much as British India, Australia and Argentina combined.

The rise to prominence of Canada, as a wheat-growing country, has been made possible in no small degree by the work of the plant-breeder. It is probably safe to say that in few countries, if any, has the work of the scientific breeder of plants contributed more directly and substantially to national prosperity than it has to Canada. He has given to Canada varieties of wheat which have added millions of dollars annually to the value of Canadian production and has turned what was once a distinctly hazardous occupation throughout vast areas of Western Canada into a relatively safe and profitable enterprise.

Will Use Photography

Pictures Will Aid In Locating South Pole Says Byrd

Photography will be relied upon to a large extent to help him find the South Pole, objective of his Antarctic expedition, by aeroplans, says Commander Richard E. Byrd.

The explorer said laboratories of two large companies are at work on the photographic problem of the expedition. In addition to making a camera record of every mile of the flight by means of an automatic camera to be fastened to the bottom of the plane, Commander Byrd said he also expected to use photography to help him locate the pole.

A special automatic camera with which he will take shots as soon as he flies toward the pole is now being constructed. These pictures will be developed while the flight is under way.

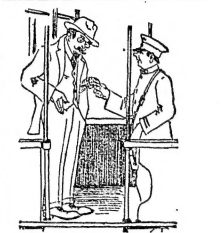
Films on which pictures of the sun will be made will be marked with what has been termed "position lines," Commander Byrd said, and by calculating the direction in different sectors in which different spots appear he will have six sun shots by which he can determine his own position on or off his plotted course.

Destroyer Ready For Work

The two destroyers, the Vancouver and the Champlain, which the Dominion is receiving on loan from the British navy, have sailed for Canada. They will come via Gibraltar and the Cape Verde Islands to Trinidad, where they will go to Jamaica, where they will part company, the Vancouver proceeding to Esquimaut via the Panama Canal and the Champlain will come North to Halifax.

Teacher: "What is the interest on \$500 for one year at two per cent.?"
Moses: pay attention.

Moses: For two per cent. I'm not interested.—Answers.



Traveller: "Here is a ten-shilling note. I am sorry I haven't a penny!"
Conductor: "Never mind. You are going to get 119 of them!"—Lustige Kölner Zeitung, Cologne.

BRITAIN
TO
CANADA

L2
YOU can arrange for your relatives
and friends this low ocean fare
greatly reduced rail rates, children
under 17 carried FREE.

Ask at once for details of the
British Nomination Scheme
from any agent or agent of the
CANADIAN PACIFIC
Anchor-Donaldson
LINES

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

Official British attempts will be made this year on the four principal world air records, speed, height, duration, and long distance non-stop.

The Government will organize the Federal Rural Credits Board within the next two months, according to officials of the Department of Finance at Ottawa.

Lost on the windswept wastes of a fifty-mile portage between the Kiskokwim and Yukon Rivers, southwest of Holy Cross, Alaska, two women were guided to safety by the lead dog of their team of huskies.

Astronomical circles are deeply interested by the discovery that the star, Nova Pictoris, was discovered in South Africa in 1925, has split in two. Developments are being closely studied by astronomers.

The collapse of the St. Francis dam in Los Angeles county, March 13, was due to defective foundations, it was asserted in the report of the governor's committee investigating the disaster.

Trans-Jordan, the Western part of Palestine, was recognized as an independent government in the new agreement between Trans-Jordan and Great Britain made public at Jerusalem.

Funeral services of the utmost simplicity were held for Mrs. Charlotte Pickford, mother of Mary Pickford. At the request of the motion picture actress, only intimate friends and relatives attended.

There was a moderate gain in employment at the beginning of March according to the monthly statements furnished to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics by 6,222 of the larger employers of labor throughout Canada.

The battle flag and king's colors as well as the regimental colors of the 54th Kootenay Battalion, destroyed when St. Saviour's Church burned at Nelson, will be replaced by flags made at Vancouver. The replacement cost will be about \$400.

Average Wheat Production

Average Production Over Five Year Period In Three Prairie Provinces

According to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics the average production of wheat over the five years 1922-26 in Manitoba was 17.5 bushels to the acre, in Saskatchewan, 17.3 bushels to the acre, and in Alberta, 17.2 bushels to the acre. The average values per bushel in the same periods were respectively \$1.00, 95c and 94c, making the respective returns per acre from wheat for the three provinces, \$17.50, \$16.75, and \$16.16.

Tractors Replace Horses

Apparently the splendor of the British cavalry and artillery will soon be a thing of the past, and horses are gradually being replaced by tractors. Most of us who were at Vimy Ridge will remember the hundreds of dead horses lying by the roadside, on the way to the big offensive and will be glad to hear such news. For the purpose of taking supplies "up the line," under shell fire, the tractors are preferable to horses.

Most men who complain that the world does not understand them ought to be glad of it.

Women, Your Manifold Duties Require Strength

St. Catharines, Ont.—During my early married life Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was very helpful to me as a tonic and nerve. I had become all run-down, my nervous system was all upset, I could not sleep, and was weak and miserable. I was advised by my physician to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and it relieved me of all my troubles and made me a well, strong woman. Since then I have always recommended it to weak women.—Mrs. M. J. Smith, 31 Francis St.

All druggists, fluid or tablets. Write the Faculty of Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., if you feel the need of free advice. Ever tried Dr. Pierce's Pleasant (Laxative) Pills? 60 Pills for 35c.

W. N. U. 1727

Small Town Papers

FRANK PARKER STOCKBRIDGE
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It was in the papers a little while ago that one of these modern novelists had bought a couple of country newspapers somewhere in West Virginia. He wanted something to make a living at, it said; which didn't sound exactly right to me.

I never read any of the gentleman's novels, but for the publicity he gets in the highbrow literary magazines every time he brings out a new one, he could make a living out of a country weekly, or two of them. I knew something about country weeklies. I started my journalistic life by cleaning the spittoon and rushing the growler for the editor and the printer, and looking the form on the Washington hand press with a big two-handled roller, while Charley Gleason pulled her over. When we had got the weekly run of ten quires of, two quires at a time, Wednesdays and Fridays, we knew we'd been working.

Yes, sir; between the time when I met my first type house in the old Georgetown Courthouse over Ah Hen Jackson's Chinese laundry, and the time when I got my city job, I learned all there was to know about country newspapers. I never worked on one of them after I got my union card, but there hasn't been a spell of bad weather in more than forty years that I haven't been reminded of the old shop; the stiff joint where I split my forefinger feeding dodgers on the brass-arm Gordon achies every time a rain starts to blow up. That stiff finger changed everything for me, in a way; it shunted me from the case to the proof box, and it turned me out to be an entry to the editorial end. But that hasn't anything to do with country newspapers.

When I got my big laugh out of that newspaper item about the novelist was remembering the way B. Franklin Simms, the editor of the old Courant, used to hustle me every Wednesday morning to get the patient insides out of the express office. I never got any more of that kind of an editor having credit. He had to give plenty, though. Subscribers paid up when they felt like it or not at all. Often as not the proof box was a garden truck, cordwood or eggs—and sometimes advertisers did the same. Advertisers could always stand the editor off by threatening to pull out of the paper. There was only so much business to be had, and they would get it anyway. I was merely doing the editor a favor by advertising at all.

I remembered the time when old Otto Muncester, who ran the lumberyard, settled a three months' advertising bill with six barrels of lard, and a few other little things. That sort, and I felt sort of sorry for the poor fish who had let somebody unload a couple of country papers on him. Not one paper, mind you; that would have been bad enough, but the piece in the papers said he had had two wishes on him. He had just wanted experience, something to use for material for more novels, that night he was good way to get it, but to make a living—well, it just didn't fit with all I knew about country weeklies.

Then I ran into Bert Miller. He had run into him in the crowd at Forty-second and Fifth Avenue, by the library. I hadn't seen or heard anything of him for twenty years, but I still felt he quit his job on the copy desk of the old Globe. I remembered hearing at the time that his father had died and he had gone to his estate to settle the family affairs, but that was the last anybody around New York had heard so far as I knew.

I wouldn't have known him if he hadn't spotted me first. It took me only a glance to assure me that he had been successful. It wasn't only his clothes; they were what any business man might wear. He had been looking at you and speaking to you, the air of a man accustomed to direct dealing with all sorts of people. He was glad to see me and I was just as glad to see him.

"Still in the newspaper game, old liner?" he asked, after we had pumped-handled a while. I told him my I'd been out of it for a good many years.

"I've sort of tired, too," said Bert. "Play a little golf, do a little fishing, go down to Florida for a couple of months in the winter, run around to conventions a good deal, just to see the fellows I know."

Bert must have inherited more than I'd thought. It seemed before I could ask him he had been doing all these things, he was rattling on about his folks.

"Remember her?—Mrs. Miller?" he asked. "Gee, I wish we'd met a few minutes sooner; she'd have been glad to see you. I just left her at one of the big stores. She comes down every little while to shop."

I did remember Bert's wife—an all-around, dragged-out, little woman, with a bolstered kid hanging to each hand. I had had dinner with them once in the cheap little flat out of Flatbush way. Even twenty years ago it was hard sledding in New York for a man with a family on forty a week.

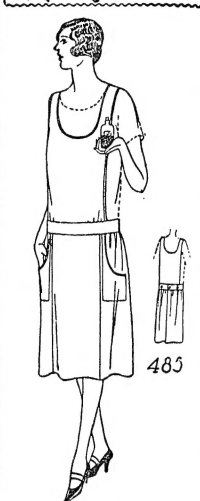
"You wouldn't know her now," Bert went on. "I was afraid, first, she wasn't going to like it in the small town. She was born and raised in Brooklyn, you know, and Brooklyn people hate to change. But nobody in Midtown now thinks of her as an outsider. They even tried to get her to run for Assembly last year. She's the pettiest of the family, headed right now for the president of

the State Federation of Women's Clubs.

He'd put both his boys through Cornell, he told me, and had a girl, too, who was a junior at Syracuse. One of his boys was married and he even had a pair of grandchildren. And while he talked I racked my memory to try to locate Middleboro. It must be an important town, but somehow I couldn't place it.

"You haven't told me the most important thing of all, Bert," I said when he had finished about his family. "What I'd like to know is where did you get it? I had an idea your folks were farmers."

(To Be Continued.)



Practical Apron

An apron that entirely covers the skirt is made with bib section at front and back. Note the large round pockets! It is practical and very attractive, made of English broadcloth, printed sateen in small floral pattern, cretonne in chintz pattern, and Nile green chambray with pockets and binding of checked gingham. The pattern is set in small, medium and large sizes. The medium size requires 2½ yards 32-inch, 2 yards 36-inch, or 2½ yards 40-inch material, and 4 yards binding. Price 25 cents the pattern.

Many styles of smart apparel may be found in our Fashion Book. Our designers originate their patterns in the heart of the style centers, and their creations are those of tested popularity, brought within the means of the average woman. Price of the book 30 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

The highest chimney in Great Britain is to be demolished. It is "Townsend Stalk," in Glasgow, containing 1,300,000 bricks and standing 488 feet high.

"FLYING IRONCLADS"
PROVE SUCCESSFUL

Britain's All-Metal Planes Reach Singapore Without Mishap
Great Britain's "flying ironclads," otherwise the four Royal Air Force metal flying boats, arrived at Singapore, thus completing a flight of 10,000 miles and the first of its kind ever attempted in the history of aviation.

It is pointed out that this is the greatest "showing the flag" flight yet accomplished, and the fact that it was unmarred by a single mishap proves that British research and British construction are unsurpassed.

All metal flying craft, it is now believed, are entirely suitable for aviation in the tropics—a question hitherto the subject of dispute between experts and thus satisfactorily settled. British air power throughout the eastern world has been enormously enhanced as a result of the cruise of the Royal Air Force flying boats, and their successful flight has proved that Britain leads the world in this class of fighting craft.

The air cruisers, whose base is at Singapore, shortly intend to return on their trip toward Australia, from whence they will return via Singapore, thus completing an Empire flight of 23,000 miles—the greatest ever undertaken.

Another indication of British supremacy in the air is shown in the announcement that in the next Schneider Cup races, Britain's representatives expect to achieve a speed of 320 miles an hour. In this connection experts are agreed that at the present rate of speed development, Britain will soon be able to produce machines capable of travelling at a rate of 350 miles an hour—the only drawback to such a stupendous speed being that it is impossible to turn sharply in the air because an airman, owing to centrifugal force, is likely to become momentarily unconscious. This danger, however, is not to be feared when the flight is straight.

Livestock In Prairie Provinces

The value of livestock on farms in the Prairie Provinces, comprising horses, cattle, sheep and swine, in 1927, was \$224,199,000, as compared with \$263,240,000 in the previous year, all three provinces recording substantial increases. The value of poultry on farms in the three Prairie Provinces was \$15,915,000.

Should Spend At Home
Twenty dollars per head was spent by Canadians last year on United States goods. A considerable percentage of this amount could be spent on just as good goods produced at home. Some day there will be more practical patriotism by Canadian purchasers to bring prosperity to themselves and their own country.

To be a penman is a finer achievement than to be a paramechanic. A hammock is the spoonholder used at many a love feast.

Warts.

Daily application of Minard's will dry up warts. Also excellent for callouses, corns and bunions.



SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

APRIL 8

THE RESURRECTION

Golden Text: "Because I live, ye shall live also."—John 14:19.
Lesson: Mark 16:1-20.
Devotional Reading: 1 Corinthians 15:39-54.

Explanations and Comments

Three Women Visit the Tomb of Christ, verses 1-4.—Very early on Sunday morning, just as the sun was rising, Mary Magdalene, Mary the mother of James, and Salome went to the tomb of Christ for the purpose of anointing his body with spices.

As these women went on their way to the tomb they kept asking themselves, "Who shall roll us away the stone from the door of the tomb?" The stone probably a cylindrical one which could be rolled to either side in a groove at the base of the opening, but was too heavy for the women themselves to move, being "exceedingly great." As they approached, they saw that the stone had been rolled back.

The Lord is Risen, verses 4-8.—While Mary Magdalene ran to tell Peter and John that the stone was removed, the other women entered the tomb and saw a young man arrayed in a white robe (an angel) sitting in a grove at the base of the opening, and in Matthew 28 an angel is sitting upon the stone without the tomb, and in the One Volume Commentary observes, "Such slight discrepancies harmonize well with the excited feelings which such a vision would be likely to produce. Minute and detailed agreement in independent narratives under such circumstances would be suspicious."

The young man in the tomb said to the women, "Be not amazed; ye seek Jesus, the Nazarene, who hath been crucified: He is risen: He is not here." "Instead of its being surprising that there was a resurrection on Easter morning, let us ask ourselves if it would not have been more surprising if there had been no resurrection. Would it not have been indeed amazing if the life in Christ had come to a full stop on the day of the crucifixion? Of course, if that life had come to such a stop, we should never have heard of the life at all; but how amazing to think that a life like Jesus' could stop! Peter had the right angle from which to view the Resurrection when he declared that it was impossible for death to hold Christ."

—F. J. McConnell.

Precious Stones Pave Road

Costly Blunder Revealed In Streets Of Russian Town

What is declared to be the most costly blunder in the world has been revealed in the Russian town of Sverdlovsk. Nearly \$2,500,000 worth of precious stones have been used in road making there. The lot was bought for an equivalent of \$80. Huge blocks of Jasper were buried in the ground, while beautiful green malachite, topaz and even jade were crushed to use in the paving. The mistake is said to be similar to that at Kimberley, South Africa, when the streets of the city were first paved. The blue clay used there contained diamonds, and when the mistake was discovered it was carefully scraped up and washed. More than \$5,000,000 worth of gems, some as big as hazel nuts, were recovered. The timely discovery made this blunder less costly than that in Russia.

So you and George are to be married? I thought it was only a flirtation.

"So he did."

In Yellowstone Park a hot house heated by water from a nearby geyser furnishes fresh vegetables and flowers throughout the winter.

Fair Maiden: Would you put yourself out for me? Her Knight: Certainly I would. "Please do, then, as it's after 12, and I'm awfully sleepy."

Looks Like
Real Bargain

Few People Realize Marvels Of Postal System

In this day and age when almost every home contains a radio and a telephone conversation between New York and London has become a daily matter, it is small wonder that we seldom think of the marvels of the postal system which carries letters by train, steamship and air to every part of the world at a very low rate of postage. The other day I read an article describing the hazards of earlier postal systems, when letters were carried on horseback from one post to another, when the time of travel between Philadelphia and New York was a matter of days, not of hours. Not so very long ago it cost \$102 to have a letter carried from this country to Australia. When the first general post office was established in London, the rate of letter postage was eight cents for the first fifteen miles, with a rising scale to twenty-five cents for three hundred miles, and those rates prevailed in 1840, less than one hundred years ago.

Andrew Hamilton was the first postmaster-general of the American colonies in 1692, and he undertook the task of establishing an inter-colonial service. This post was purchased by the British crown in 1707, and from that time until a year prior to the Revolutionary War the postal service in America was controlled by the general post office in London. In 1711 the mail was carried every two weeks between Boston and New York, and in 1717 a weekly mail service was established between New York and Williamsburg, Va. Ten years later there was a service every two weeks between Philadelphia and Annapolis. Today there are no limits to the reaches of the postal system. A letter is carried and delivered from any point in the United States to any other point in United States territory, Canada and England for two cents; to any point in Europe for five cents, and with the greatest possible speed. When you think of all the hands through which this letter must pass, and all the travelling it must do before it reaches its destination, you will agree that the postal service gives you a very real bargain, indeed.

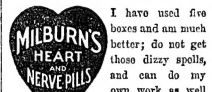
Of all the present monarchs, Alfonso XIII. of Spain has ruled the longest, his reign beginning in 1902.

Poles recently plugged the water pipes of a New England town.

The "Flu"

LEFT HER WITH A VERY WEAK HEART

Mrs. Deulah Demens, Pleasant River, N.S., writes:—"Having suffered with the 'flu' a few years ago, I was left with a very weak heart. 'I was unable to go about, and could not do my housework. 'I tried different kinds of medicine, but they seemed to do me no good. 'A friend recommended



I have used five boxes and am much better; do not get those dizzy spells, and can do my own work as well as ever."

Price 50c. a box at all druggists and dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price to The Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

FINISH SURVEY OF H. B. LINE TO FORT CHURCHILL

Winnipeg.—The Hudson's Bay Railway line has been surveyed as far as Fort Churchill and after four months' work in the North country, Major J. L. Charles, reconnaissance engineer of the Canadian National Railways; H. R. Wilkinson, bearing engineer, and other members of the party of 24, have returned to Winnipeg.

"We reached the Bay on March 8," Major Charles said, "and left for home on the 18th." They travelled by dogs to the team road, 442 miles out from The Pas, covering a distance of 80 miles in two days. After camping a day, they took horses to the end of steel, mile 356, and came into Winnipeg by train. "We have had a very mild winter," the engineer said, "and just only six out of our 60 sleds."

"A week ago Sunday the snow was melting at Churchill. The two Eskimos who arrived on St. Patrick's Day with the mail, which had been delayed by way of Eskimo Point, 150 miles away, had some difficulty because the mud runners of their sleds thawed out." He explained the Eskimo custom of sneezing and on their runners and freezing them. "It is a very good practice, so long as the weather keeps cold. We had the Eskimos to dinner with us the day we left and our pork was quite a novelty to them."

The Department of Railways and Canals had a big gang of men working on the harbor at Churchill. Major Charles mentioned, and the wireless station was in operation, manned by three men. They kept in constant touch with the aeroplane patrol over Hudson Straits.

The contractors, Stewart and Cameron, were pushing the work of building the railway, he stated, and all was in readiness for the summer. Two draglines were out and digging was going on north from Mile 356. Camps had been erected and caches were established. Supplies were all in readiness for the army of men which would commence grading as soon as the weather allowed. Donald Grant, superintendent of construction for Stewart and Cameron, who has just returned from a trip which took him as far as Deer River, about 60 miles southwest of Churchill, says that by the end of May there would be at least 1,200 men on the job.

Viscount Cave Dead

Recently Resigned Post of Lord Chancellor Owing To Ill Health. Burnham, Somerset, Eng.—Viscount George Cave, who recently resigned as Lord Chancellor after a distinguished career at the Bar, died March 29.

Viscount Cave, who was born in 1856, held various posts in the British Government since 1915, becoming Lord Chancellor in 1922. He was appointed solicitor-general in the first coalition cabinet in 1915, and later named by Premier Lloyd George for the home secretaryship. He was created a Viscount in 1918.

Previous to entering high government office he was a member of parliament.

U.S. Wants Canadian Students

Because Educational System Is More Thorough Says English Editor Hamilton, Ont.—People know little of Canada if they do not know that it is a land of cold winters, cool heads and warm hearts, John Walter, co-proprietor of the Times, London, Eng., told a large gathering here when he spoke at a Canadian club luncheon.

Referring to the exodus of Canadian students to the United States, Mr. Walter said the Canadian educational system is so thorough that United States institutions seek their services.

H.B. Railway Construction

Work Will Commence In Earnest As Soon As Snow Goes

Winnipeg.—Work on the Hudson's Bay Railway will commence in earnest as soon as the snow goes, according to Donald Grant, superintendent of construction for the Stewart, Cameron Company, which has the contract for the remaining 154 miles yet to be built. Mr. Grant said there were from 200 to 300 men on the job at present and that in another month a great many more would be sent out. By the end of May, Mr. Grant expects there will be at least 1,200 on the job.

W. N. U. 1727

Apply For Railway Charters

3,233 Miles Of Railway In Canada Involved In Applications

Ottawa.—Hon. C. A. Dunning, Minister of Railways and Canals, informed the railway committee of the House of Commons that charters for 3,233 miles of railway in Canada were being applied for by companies other than the Canadian National and the Canadian Pacific Railways. The cost of this mileage he estimated at about \$173,000,000.

In addition, there were applications before the provincial legislatures which brought the total mileage up to approximately 4,406, with an estimated cost of \$242,000,000. This did not include equipment and when it was supplied the total cost would approximate \$300,000,000.

The minister told the committee it was not possible at present to lay down the principle that no more charters were to be granted to companies other than the Canadian National and the Canadian Pacific Railways.

On the other hand, the Government was of the opinion that with the exception of railways, which were required for the development of mining properties or something of that nature, the two great railway companies could take care of the work. The committee would of course, give consideration to the applications which came before it.

At the opening of the meeting F. S. Cahill, Liberal member for Pontiac, was again elected chairman of the railway committee, and Dr. A. M. Young, Liberal, Saskatoon, deputy chairman.

The first bill considered was that of H. A. Stewart, Conservative member for Leeds, designed to place the issuing of licenses for the export of electric power under the control of parliament rather than with the governor-in-council. This bill was reported.

Two bills covering construction of railways in Western Canada were considered next. The first, sponsored by G. G. Coote, U.P.A. member for Macleod, asked for a charter for construction of the Highwood Western Railway Company. The second applied for an extension of time for the construction of the Calgary and Fernie Railway Company. It was introduced by F. W. Gershaw, Liberal, Medicine Hat.

Taking Risk On Dirigible

Lloyds Will Protect R-100 On Flight Across Atlantic

London.—A syndicate of underwriters at Lloyds is understood to have undertaken the risk of insuring the British dirigible passenger liner R-100 for its forthcoming flight across the Atlantic. The rate, about 20 guineas per hundred, is looked upon as moderate, indicating the confidence of the syndicate in the ship's ability to make the flight successfully.

If the ship comes down at sea and is damaged, the underwriters will pay the cost of repairs, while if she is lost altogether they will pay to the limit of the insurance.

The dirigible, which is expected to make its first flight this spring, is equipped with six 700 horsepower engines, can reach a speed of 80 miles an hour, and has a cruising range of more than 5,000 miles.

It is designed to accommodate 100 passengers and to carry 10 tons of mail.

Officially Withdraws From Public Life

Lindbergh Weary Of Admiration Prefers Role Of Normal Citizen

Washington.—Acclaimed as no other individual in the history of the nation, Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh has officially withdrawn himself from public focus to follow his long cherished pursuit of a normal citizen.

Weary of the admiring masses, decorated ceremonies and the constant formal affairs in his honor, the youth calmly contemplated the future and how best he might acquit himself in the interest of his lone hobby. "Lindy" doesn't know what he's going to do just yet.

Was Prominent Solicitor

London.—Hon. Sir Charles Russell, prominent solicitor, aged 65 years, is dead. He was solicitor for the Department of Canada and acted as solicitor for the British Government in the Behring Sea arbitration between Great Britain and the U.S. in 1893.

Red Cross Official Dead

Basle, Switzerland.—Dr. Bohny, president of the International League of Red Cross Societies, is dead here during the war he was in charge of arrangement for exchange and transport in Switzerland of the wounded prisoners of all armies.

Not Feasible For Canada

U.S. Bank System Impossible In Dominion Says Governor Harding

Ottawa.—A federal banking reserve system, organized on the same basis and along the same lines as the U.S. system, would be almost impossible in Canada.

This was the opinion expressed by Governor W. G. P. Hardin, of the Federal Reserve Bank, Boston, before the banking and commerce committee of the House considering a possible improvement in Canada's banking system.

The Federal reserve board of the United States was in no sense a bank, Governor Harding told the committee. "It cannot loan anything five cents," he declared. "It exercises a general supervision of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks in operation. It can fix the character of the security which may be accepted but cannot compel a bank to make a loan."

Experiment With Fertilizer

Alberta, Saskatchewan, and Manitoba View Shipments Of Superphosphates From Trail Smelter

Winnipeg.—Manitoba is participating in experiments that are being made with the use of superphosphates from the Trail smelter in British Columbia, as a fertilizer. J. H. Evans, deputy minister of agriculture, stated recently when commenting on reports that six cars of the by-product had been shipped to points on the prairies.

The results of the experiments are being watched with great interest. Saskatchewan and Alberta have also got their share of the shipments, the idea being to make tests of the fertilizer over as wide a range of territory as possible, Mr. Evans said.

ONTARIO BOARD WILL HANDLE ALBERTA COAL

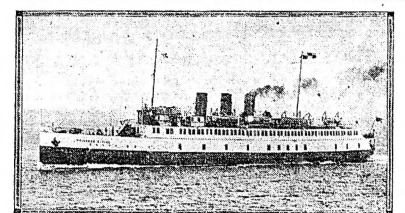
Toronto.—The office of fuel controller, established during the war, has assumed a new importance in view of the Dominion government's action in requiring the railways to transport Alberta coal to Ontario. Premier Ferguson stated in the legislature in connection with the passing of an item for the fuel controller's office. A board was being set up to look after the handling of the coal and the Ontario representative would be the fuel controller.

It would be the duty of the board to see that the proper type of coal was brought east, Mr. Ferguson said. He suggested that in his opinion the railways should not be allowed to transport any coal not approved by the board.

Asked how the coal was to be distributed, the premier said: "I hope that we will have an organization created. I would like to see the Alberta government establish an office here, which would serve as a distributing centre and an information bureau. Persons wishing to buy the coal could arrange for it through such an office."

It was not the intention of the government to take charge of distribution, he said, as had been done with the trial shipments.

Ottawa.—Those engaged in coal operations in British Columbia have not made representations as to getting into the eastern market, was the answer given by the Government to a question asked by A. W. Neill (Independent, Comox-Alberni), as to whether or not the Government would extend the test movement rate on Alberta coal to coal from British Columbia, with a pro rata increase for the extra distance.



Will Serve Vancouver Island

"The Princess Elaine," newest member of the Canadian Pacific Railway's Royal Family of steamships, now on her way to Victoria, V.I., via the Panama Canal, from the shipyards on the Clyde, Scotland. The vessel will be used for service between Vancouver on the mainland and Nanaimo on Vancouver Island across the Straits of Georgia, a distance of 40 miles, and is further qualified to ply between Seattle on the south and Skagway on the north. She will have a speed of 18 knots, is 2,000 tons gross register, will have accommodations for about 1,200 passengers, and is specially designed for the transportation of automobiles, a turntable being installed to reverse cars for disembarkation. On her trial runs on the Clyde, the Princess Elaine did over 19 knots.

NOTED ARCTIC EXPLORER



Vilhjalmur Stefansson, Arctic explorer, who is trying to prove men can "live off the land" in the north by strict meat diet for a month. He claims his all meat diet will not bring on scurvy as is generally believed.

For Promotion Of Peace

Miss McPhail's Motion For Creation Of Peace Department Is Withdrawn

Ottawa.—After a lengthy debate in the House, Miss Agnes McPhail withdrew her motion for the creation of a department for the promotion of peace. Miss McPhail expressed the hope that between now and next session the government would set up some agency to tell what was being done for the promotion of peace.

Miss MacPhail said: "While we have a superiority complex which nothing can puncture, there will always be danger of war. It can't be true that we can always be right."

Women, she said, were keenly aware of war. They placed a higher value on human life because they suffered so much for it and for this reason they should have a voice in Parliament. The sacrifices of 1914 to 1918 should be crystallized into something which should prevent the recurrence of war.

Sir George Perley (Conservative, Argenteuil), said the League of Nations had performed commendable work in preventing wars and solving labor, health and other social problems. But something should be done in the way of bringing to the direct attention of the people of all countries the object and benefits of the League. In Canada the League of Nations Society with headquarters at Ottawa might be profitably utilized for educational purposes of this nature.

Hockey Titles Come West

Both Senior and Junior Amateur Trophies Annexed By Prairies

Ottawa.—The West clinched its challenge for supremacy of the Dominion's amateur hockey circles when Manitoba University triumphed over Montreal Victorias 1-0 here to lift the Allan Cup and carry it westward to keep the O.H.A. Memorial trophy, emblematic of the junior hockey title, company in its new home. Regina Monarchs won the O.H.A. trophy when they beat the Ottawa Gunners, and the victory for the Varsity made a clean sweep of the titular honors. The Allan Cup carries with it the all-Canada senior championship.

B.C. Eggs Shipped To New Zealand Auckland, N.Z.—The arrival of 10,500 dozen British Columbia eggs on the Canadian-Australian liner Aorangi has caused a drop of between 2 and 4 cents a dozen in the price of eggs at Auckland. The eggs landed in splendid condition and they proved an unpleasant surprise for local producers.

Discuss Activities Of Communists In Canada

Country Being Flooded With Red Literature Senate Is Told

Ottawa.—The Senate recently discussed the dangers of Communist propaganda in Canada and heard an address delivered at length by Senator C. P. Beaulieu, who enquired what measures were being taken by the Government to repress the evil. Various religious bodies had petitioned the Government to close Communist schools; the Ukrainians in Canada felt easy prey to the Red agents.

There were 40 such schools in the country, attended by 2,000 children, said Senator Beaulieu, while Labor Temples were also used for Communist meetings. Immigrants were taken there to listen to these doctrines. The country was being flooded with Communist literature.

Senator Greenback declared that the Communist was the enemy of the Socialist and the Labor man. He assured the Senate that the Royal Canadian Mounted Police knew of these activities and kept the Government informed.

Senator Dandurand affirmed that the Government was watching the Communist movement closely. Senator McMeans declared that the Government for two sessions had sought to amend the law to prevent the deportation of anyone. It was the Government's duty to deport the enemies of the constitution.

Success Attends Spring Threshing

Alberta Wheat Grading Higher and Bringing a Better Price Than Last Fall

Montreal.—"Snowed-up" spring wheat now being cut and threshed is grading higher and bringing a better price than that cut at the regular season last autumn. At least that applies to a number of farms in Alberta, notably a large 13,000-acre farm near Calgary, upon which only part of the crop could be cut last year, according to T. O. F. Herzer, manager of the Canada Colonization Association, Winnipeg.

"This goes to show that fortune sometimes smiles at the most unexpected times," he said, "for, in this case, instead of suffering a small or a large loss, the crop actually yielded an increase."

Mr. Herzer said that many of the farmers placed by the association were paying off their farinos long before their 15-year terms were up. Since the association was taken over by the Canadian Pacific Railway, under its department of colonization and development, in January, 1925, it had placed 2,433 families of about 13,380 members on the land in Western Canada. This year to March 20, 81 families have been settled on 17,771 acres.

CANADA AND U.S. JOIN TO FIGHT RUST MENACE

Fargo, N.D.—Representatives of four Northwest spring wheat states, North and South Dakota, Minnesota, and Montana, and three Canadian prairie provinces, Manitoba, Alberta, and Saskatchewan, formally launched an organization here to further the development of better quality wheat that is rust resistant and immune from stains.

The group, which is to be known as the hard spring wheat conference, named Dr. John Lee Coulter, president of the North Dakota Agriculture College, as president. Prof. Andrew Bosh, University of Minnesota Farm School, was chosen vice-president, and L. R. Waldron, agronomist, at the North Dakota Agricultural School, secretary.

The conference voted to request the Federal Government to furnish \$50,000 to carry on its work. This sum would be supplemented by financial support from the various state and other agencies.

A program committee was chosen to consist of three men from each of the four Northwestern States, three from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, one consulting member from each of the provinces and a member representing the Dominion of Canada.

Following are the Canadian representatives: Manitoba: W. T. G. Weiner, Winnipeg; Saskatchewan: Dr. J. S. Harrington, Saskatoon.

Alberta: Dr. Robert Newton, Edmonton. Dr. C. H. Coulton, Winnipeg, will represent the Dominion of Canada.

BILL PROVIDES FOR NEW GRADES OF SPRING WHEAT

Ottawa.—Amendments to the Canada Grain Act to provide for grades for the large number of new wheat varieties grown in the prairie provinces will be made by Parliament this session. Announcement of this is contained in notice of a Bill which appears on the order paper.

The Bill is being introduced by Hon. James Malcolm, Minister of Trade and Commerce, and in addition to providing for a number of entirely new grades for new varieties of wheat, it is providing for some new grades for oats and revamping of the grades for barley.

The act, as it stands now, does not provide any grade for certain of the new wheat varieties developed within the past few years.

In regard to wheat, the Bill proposes to amend section 96 of the act to provide as follows:

"No. 1 Canada Western hard white spring wheat shall include all varieties of white spring wheat equal in value to quality wheat. It shall be matured, cleaned and weighing not less than 60 pounds to the bushel and practically free of damaged kernels and shall contain 60 per cent. of hard white kernels. It may contain 30 per cent. of red spring or winter wheat. It shall not contain, single or in any combination, more than one per cent. of Amber Durum, Red Durum or Kota wheat."

"No. 2 Canada Western hard white spring wheat shall include all varieties of white spring wheat equal in value to quality wheat, shall be clean, weighing not less than 55 pounds to the bushel, and shall contain 45 per cent. of hard white kernels. It may contain 5 per cent. of Red Spring or Winter wheat and shall not contain singly or in any combination, more than two per cent. of Amber Durum, Red Durum or Kota wheat."

"No. 3 Canada Western spring wheat shall include all varieties of white spring wheat which are excluded from the preceding grades on account of damage and shall be reasonably sound and reasonably clean, of fair milling quality, weighing not less than 57 pounds to the bushel. It may contain 10 per cent. of red spring or winter wheat. It shall not contain singly or in any combination, more than 5 per cent. of Amber Durum, Red Durum or Kota wheat."

"No. 4 Canada Western spring wheat shall be white spring wheat excluded from the preceding grades on account of damage and shall be reasonably clean, weighing not less than 55 pounds to the bushel. It may contain 20 per cent. of red spring or winter wheat. It shall not contain singly or in any combination, more than 10 per cent. of Amber Durum or Kota wheat."

"No. 5 Canada Western white spring wheat shall be white spring wheat excluded from the preceding grades on account of damage, and shall be reasonably clean, weighing not less than 53 pounds to the bushel. It may contain 20 per cent. of red spring or winter wheat. It shall not contain singly or in any combination, more than 10 per cent. of Amber Durum, Red Durum or Kota wheat."

Propose General Smuts For Defence Minister

Former South African Premier Suggested For British Post

London.—The striking suggestion that General Jan Christian Smuts, former premier of South Africa, and present leader of the opposition in the South African parliament, should be appointed to fill the post of Minister of Defence in the British Government is the Liberal proposal for the combining of the three fighting forces, land, sea, and air, should be carried into effect, was made in the House of Commons by Commander C. Bellairs, Conservative member for Maidstone. Commander Bellairs based his suggestion on the fact that General Smuts was not only an eminent statesman, but a great soldier.

"If we could only bring Gen. Smuts home he would make a very good Minister of Defence," the commander said, "but he would have to be free of the trammels of being elected to parliament here."

Have Withdrawn From Council Winnipeg.—The United Grain Growers, Limited, and the Grain Growers' Guide, two commercial organizations identified with the Canadian Council of Agriculture for a number of years, have withdrawn from membership in the council. It was officially announced here.

To Save Canada's Forest Areas

Canadian Forest Week Set Aside By Proclamation

The Governor-General has by proclamation set aside the week of April 22 to 28 as "Canadian Forest Week." These in authority realize that it will be but a few short weeks until the menace of forest fire will be with us again and there will be the ever present danger of carelessness with camp fire, cigarette, pipe, etc. No doubt a few forest fires are caused by lightning but the fact remains that the great majority of forest fires are man-made—the result of carelessness. Organization work is now going on to stir all citizens of the Dominion to a sustained and patriotic effort to conserve our great forest heritage.

If everyone could but visualize Canada's forest industry in all its ramifications and realize that the safe-keeping of the forests is a personal as well as a national necessity, there would surely be no more man-made forest fires. The welfare of every individual in the Dominion is affected by Canada's forest losses—they dig deep into everyone's pocket book. Take the value of the forests as a source of employment for instance, says the Department of the Interior, through its Natural Resources Intelligence Service. At the present moment deep in the forests an army of probably 50,000 men is engaged in felling and transporting Canada's timber supply for the ensuing year; towering loads of saw logs and pulp wood are being moved swiftly along the ice trails to creek and river and later the picturesque river driver will soon be in his element again keeping the timber moving down the log-choked creeks and rivers. This is one phase of forest industry, the fountainhead of all the wood-manufacturing enterprises which follow.

There are now over 6,900 manufacturing establishments in Canada in which wood or paper are the principal basic materials used. These plants employ 125,000 people and distribute annually about \$150,000,000 in wages. In the construction industry where wood plays such an important part were there employed at the height of activity last year upwards of 130,000 workers. In transportation, in which probably nearly a quarter of a million persons are employed, products of the forest constitute one of the largest and most consistent sources of revenue, accounting for twenty per cent. of the tonnage hauled on steam railways.

One might go on almost endlessly to show how intimately everyone's personal welfare is bound up with healthy producing forests. The mines, the fisheries, even agriculture depend for much necessary equipment and supplies on the forests. Mechanics, farmers and trades-people by the thousands are required to keep workers in forest industries supplied with equipment and the necessities of life.

Required Explanation

Lawyer (to flustered witness): Now, sir, did you or did you not, on the date in question, or at any other time, say to the defendant or anyone else that the statement imputed to you and denied by the plaintiff was a matter of no moment or otherwise? Answer me yes or no.

Bewildered Witness: Yes or no what?

No Question About It

Auto Tourist: "I clearly had the right of way when this man ran into me, and yet you say I was to blame."

Local Cop: "You certainly was."

Autoist: "Why?"

Local Cop: "Because his father is mayor, his brother is chief of police, and I'm engaged to his sister."

Roads and Trails in Jasper Park
There are now 115 miles of roads in Jasper National Park, Alberta, of which 58 miles are surfaced for automobile traffic. Added to these are some 630 miles of well defined trails leading to various points of interest.



"Why do you applaud when she sings so wretchedly?"

"So long as I am applauding she can't sing again!"—Lustige Blätter, Berlin.

W. N. U. 1727

Discover Earliest Printing

Work Done in 1476 Found Among Old Documents in London

A small piece of parchment, eaten away by mice all down one side and in seven other places, has been retrieved from a bundle of old documents at the Record Office, London, and placed in a position of honor as the earliest example of printing in England.

It has been recognized as an Indulgence printed by Caxton in the Almonry at Westminster Abbey in 1476 for the Abbot of Abington, and issued by the abbot for the remission of sins.

There had been a jubilee in Rome in 1475, and Christians gained special privileges by making a pilgrimage that year.

John, the Abbot, obtained authority to pass on these privileges, by means of an Indulgence, to people who had not made the actual pilgrimage.

He gave Caxton an order to print copies of the Indulgence, and the names of those to whom it was given were added by hand. The text consists of 360 words and is of marked historical interest.

The document, now recognized as one of the printed copies, declares the Indulgence granted to Henry Lanley and Katherine his wife, residents of London, in return for monies contributed for a Christian fleet to fight the Turks.

The document has been placed for public view in the room of the Record Office, which also includes the Domesday Book, and the famous "Scrap of Paper" guaranteeing Belgian neutrality.

Took Long Rest

Found Embedded in Stone For 20 Years Begins Life

A toad that lived embedded in stone for 20 years has been found at Emerson, Man.

The toad was discovered by workmen employed in tearing down a section of a hotel while making alterations.

Mr. Toad was found sitting as he had sat for the past 20 years, since the hotel was built in 1907.

Dusty and somewhat shrunken, the toad was at first thought to be dead, but when touched it moved with a healthy hop. Some weeks ago another toad was found alive when a court house was demolished in Texas. That animal, too, was reported to have lived for years in a stone sealed chamber.

How To Attain Old Age

Live As Quietly As Possible Says London Biologist

That lazy men live longest is the discovery of Prof. Pearl, famous London biologist.

The holy men of India, for example, who live lives of complete quiet and no physical exercises, attain incredible old ages. A man who goes to bed—and stops there—might live to rival Methuselah!

Prof. Pearl bases his conclusions on his discovery that a few flies enclosed in a bottle proved very active and died early deaths. When the bottle was packed and the flies had not space to buzz about they very nearly grew beards!

It was the same with plant seeds. Prof. Pearl discovered that the seeds that grew fastest live for the shortest time.

Rock Coloring At Waterton Lakes

Mountain Peaks Look Like a Futurist Painting

One of the main characteristics of Waterton Lakes National Park in southern Alberta is the beautiful coloring of the rocks. Bands and splashes of tawny gold, greens, wine colors darkening to purple, make some of the mountain peaks look like a futurist painting, and give to the whole region a warm and colorful appearance. In the northwestern part of the park is the curious Anderson peak, with its sharp pyramid formed of yellow shales, which at sunrise and sunset glisten like pure gold so that the mountain is facetiously known as the Millionaire's peak.

The girl, lonely and uncomfortable as a fish out of water, was leaning against the wall, framed against the dark oak, when the hostess took pity on her.

"My dear," she said, kindly, "you look just like an old Rembrandt."

"Well," retorted the dumsel, sharply, "you don't look too darned snappy yourself!"

Eve: "I think a man should give his wife plenty of rope."

Ernest: "Yeh! I did mine and she skipped."

The man or woman who is not curious is a curiosity.

KNOWLEDGE AND PUBLIC HEALTH

Contrast Between Disease Conditions As Recorded By Dickens and Present Day Conditions

Hon. Mr. Justice Riddell, in a recent address to the Dickens Fellowship at Toronto on "Black House," noted that not only did the great English author display an extraordinary knowledge of the law—a fact which the speaker had publicly noted some years before—but that there were also sections of his work which were of peculiar interest to those interested in public health.

The contrast between disease conditions, as Dickens has recorded them, and the circumstances under which we live today, tends to be a startling one. Of particular interest is the outline in "Black House" of the medical procedure of the time, as far as smallpox was concerned.

"It may be as the President of the Social Hygiene Council rather than as the former Honorary President of the Dickens Fellowship that I speak when I say that no physician can read, without interest, of a time when it was the natural thing, calling for no remark, that anyone could be allowed—or, indeed, compelled—to roam the streets with smallpox, with no attention but 'a bottle of cooling medicine' and no cure against infection but 'sprinkling a little vinegar!'"

"The thoughtful physician would remember," Judge Riddell continued, "that Queen Mary, of England, and Louis XV, of France, died of smallpox, and that George Washington, when President of the United States, in one and the same letter congratulated a friend on the birth of a son and the passage of his family through the smallpox. From the tenor of his message, it is evident that the one was just as normal an event in those days as was the other."

"Reading this, the physician of today might wonder what the world would say if the present Queen Mary of England, or the present head of State in France should fall victims, or if President Coolidge were to write such a letter."

Placing the Blame

"You say financial troubles brought you here?" asked the hospital visitor. "Why, that's hardly possible!"

"It's a fact, though," retorted the patient. "I was crossing the other side of the street to avoid one of my creditors and saw another creditor on the other side. While I was trying to escape, a car hit me."

Modern Mill Town Thrives On Trees

Pine Falls In Eastern Manitoba Rises Where Bush Held Sway Three Years Ago

Nothing speaks more abundantly of the rapid development of the natural resources of Canada than the growth of the town of Pine Falls, which stands 71 miles northeast of Winnipeg, on the Canadian National Railways, in a country which three years ago was nothing but bush and water. Now it is pulpwood and water power. Since February, 1927, little more than a year ago, when the first car of newsprint ever shipped from a Manitoba mill reached Winnipeg from Pine Falls, the Canadian National Railways have carried 85,000 tons of Manitoba-made paper. This represents about 1,700 cars and the Manitoba Paper Mills are still shipping an average of a dozen cars a day. Most of them go into the United States, to Chicago, St. Louis, Mo., Denver, Colo., Des Moines, Ill., and many other distant points.

All the pulpwood used by the mill is shipped in by settlers in the district and an official of the company declared recently that it would be ten years before the timber concessions of the company were touched. Thus the homesteaders are able to earn money in the more or less idle winter to help them improve their farms in summer, and two or three problems are solved at once.

Pine Falls involved an expenditure of more than \$6,000,000 and all the machinery is on a huge scale. The population of 1,600 lives in stucco homes with electric stoves and telephones, and is served by a modern school, a well equipped hospital and a church.

A Land Of Flowers

Yukon Territory, Canada, is a land of flowers. Hundreds of types of flowers, plants, and shrubs grow wild on every hill and valley. Nature responds generously where flowers are cultivated and one of the lasting impressions left with the visitor is the variety and beauty of the flowers which decorate the homes and beautify the grounds of Dawson City.

Since the establishment of the third class tourist traffic across the Atlantic a new era of low travel rates has dawned. You can go from the United States to Italy or Greece for but two cents a mile, with meals and berth included.

SHOULD BE ENCOURAGED

First Hand Knowledge Gained By Holiday Tours To Empire Dominions

According to arrangements now being completed in England a party of 25 school girls between the ages of 17 and 19 will make a tour of Canada this year, sailing on or about August 4—a memorable day in history—and returning in October.

This party of young people, whose tour for the Dominion will be made under the auspices of the Imperial Order of the Daughters of the Empire, will have opportunities of seeing phases of Canadian life not usually seen by the ordinary visitor and on their return to England will be able to talk about Canada with first-hand knowledge and pass on accurate information to their friends.

The practice of holiday-making in other parts of the Empire is one to be encouraged and facilities for enabling people in different parts of the Dominion to see Britain must be a very valuable factor in the promotion of esprit de corps within the Empire. We hope this tour of English girls will be a forerunner of many such trips and that some of them will decide not to use their return ticket.

A Good Arrangement

How Rancher and Hired Man Managed To Make Wages

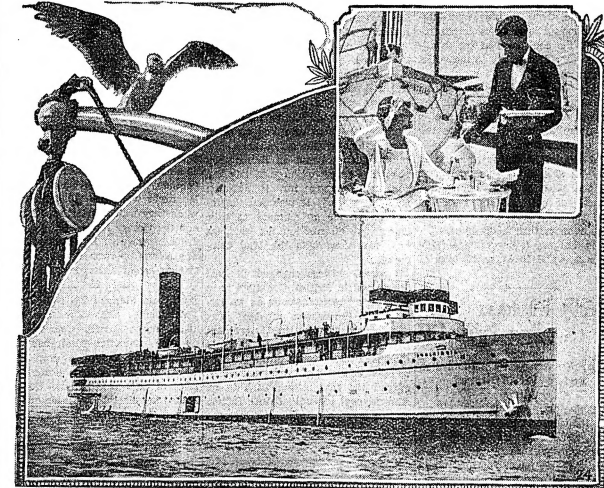
In an arid country of Western Kansas lives a rancher seventy years of age whose hired man, sixty-five, has been with him for more than forty years. The two of them barely manage to scratch out an existence.

A visitor one day asked the old rancher, "How do you manage to pay that fellow his wages?" "It's this way," replied the rancher, "I hired him for two years and gave him a mortgage on the ranch to guarantee his wages. At the end of two years he got the ranch and I went to work for him on the same terms. For forty years the ranch has passed back and forth every two years and neither of us has drawn a cent of wages."

Russian Boy Succeeds

Only five years ago a thirteen-year-old Russian boy didn't know a word of English when he arrived in the United States. He has now graduated from East Side High School, Newark, New Jersey, holder of the first prize for technical scholarship given by the Employers' Association of Northern New Jersey. He also has the reputation of being the most brilliant orator of his class.

Through Canada's Inland Ocean



1. The Great Lake Steamer S.S. Assiniboia, of the C.P. Fleet which carries its passengers through the land of cham.

2. Serving a little booby during the trip. 3. The passengers and well-wishers of a bon-voyage.

The Great Lakes for a summer holiday have no equal. Contrary to the generally prevailing opinion that the automobile and touring and camping are a greater attraction, these large bodies of fresh water, really inland seas, are holding their own, indeed, by those who know it is said that they are doing more.

From Port McNicoll to the Head of the Lakes, is practically an ocean voyage. The great white steamers of the Canadian Pacific Railway are operated the same as the huge ocean liners. At Port McNicoll the visitor sees a man made harbor, surrounded by a village which has been developed from the original within the last twenty years. About an hour and a half after leaving port, a huge sound and the dining call, and going below the traveler finds the dining-room spacious and comfortable which greatly whets the already huge appetite.

After dinner a promenade of the broad white decks, as motionless as the city streets, but with what a difference! The fresh clean breeze stirs the sun strikes the horizon and sinks in blazing splendour leaving behind a sense of peace and well-being. Host upon host of graceful white-spread wings appear over the stern, crying the poignant call of the hungry gull. So still they are as to appear motionless, a floating bit of white feather; but a chance opening of the cooler galley port hole brings them swooping down, screaming with the wildness of the blizzard, with a strength and speed that is amazing.

Land slowly disappears, and the islands are lost in the soft enfolding darkness. Stars come out, and a white moon floods the lake with an ethereal beauty. All is quiet—a friendly intimate quiet—broken here and there by a merry laugh, a

passing footstep, the throb of the great engine and the spark on the wireless up above. A little later we pass the protruding Bruce peninsula, then the Manitoulin Island, the home of the Great Spirit. In the distance can be seen the blinding light of the mariners' guides, the light-houses at Cabot's Head, Lonely Island, the Flower Pots and in the further distance ahead, Cove Island, the marking point of the entrance to Lake Huron.

These steamships, the "Keewatin," "Manitoba," and "Assiniboia," of the Canadian Pacific service are first-class in every way, and ply these inland waters from May 21st to September 28th. The journey occupies the better part of three days, with every wave bringing further charm and amazement at the unfolding beauty of the trip.

The World's Dairy Congress

Will Be Held In Britain During the Coming Summer

The world's dairy congress will be held in Great Britain during the ensuing summer for the first time in the history of the organization. On three of the days the programme will be carried through in Scotland. The congress is being held under the patronage of His Majesty King George V. For England, the honorary presidents are: Mr. Guinness, M.P., minister of agriculture, and Mr. N. Chamberlain, M.P., minister of health. The honorary president for the Scottish section is Sir John Gilmour, Bart, M.P., of Montrose, Fife, secretary of state for Scotland, while the chairman of the Scottish sub-committee is Colonel W. T. R. Houldsworth, of Kirkcubright, Maybole, a famous breeder of milk-record and tuberculin-tested Ayrshire cattle, who has issued an appeal for support from local authorities and medical officers of health.

The congress will open on Tuesday, June 26, in London, and a galaxy of authorities will contribute to the discussions, including Mr. Otto F. Hunziker, Chicago; Professor E. V. McCollum, Baltimore; and Dr. R. S. Breed, New York. The London sessions will be interspersed with visits to farms, the latter including Sir Thos. de Buxton's place at Waltham Abbey, where certified milk is being produced from a herd of pedigree Ayrshire cattle. The King's farm and dairy at Windsor will also be visited. The members of the congress will travel from London to Edinburgh on Wednesday, July 4, for the visit to Scotland. The conference opens on the following day with an address by the secretary of state for Scotland. A number of papers will be read, and visits to creameries in Edinburgh and dairy farms in the vicinity of the city have been arranged.

Dr. Orr, D.S.O., of the Rowett Institute, Aberdeen, is to submit a report upon the results of the varied milk rations fed to school children in Scotland. This will no doubt refer to the experiments conducted by means of grants given to education authorities by the Empire Marketing Board to enable milk to be supplied to school children of certain ages in such centres as Glasgow, Edinburgh, Dundee and Aberdeen. This test of the value of milk as a food for growing boys and girls has been in progress for some time. Another subject for discussion is the disposal of whey. The members will travel from Edinburgh to Glasgow on July 6, when alternative tours will be offered to the Trossachs, Kilmarnock Dairy School, the Burns country, and Dumfries and Kirkcubright. That evening the visitors will be welcomed at a civic reception in Glasgow. Tours have also been arranged for the following day, and the members of the congress will return to London on July 8. Arrangements have been made to enable the visitors from abroad to go to the Royal Agricultural Society's show at Nottingham, which takes place from July 10 until the 14th.

"The congress is being looked forward to with great interest by all who are associated with the dairy trade."

Not a Favorite Dish

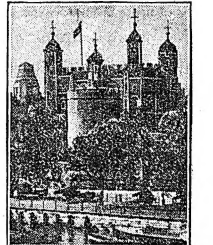
The applicant for cook was untidy and insolent in appearance. "Don't hire her," whispered Jones to his wife; "I don't like her looks."

"But," remonstrated his wife, "just consider the reputation for cooking she bears."

"That doesn't matter," said Jones, testily, "we don't want any she-bears cooked—we don't like them."

They laughed at me when I spoke to the waiter in Italian—but he came right back with some Scotch.

FAMOUS LONDON TOWER



The Tower of London was the scene of a fire recently which broke out in one of the towers of the historic structure. The flames were quickly extinguished and damage was confined to the top floor, used for offices.



World Wide Favorites For The Skin And Scalp

Regular use of Cuticura Soap, assisted by touches of Cuticura Ointment when required, keeps the complexion fresh and free from eruptions and the hair lustrous and glossy. Cuticura Preparations are unexcelled in purity and are regarded by millions as unrivaled in the promotion of skin and hair health.

Sample Size Free by Mail. Address: Canadian Distributors, Ltd., Montreal. Free, Soap, Sh. Cl. (100) Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

PAINTED FIRES

BY NELLIE L. McCLUNG

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CHAPTER XXI.—Continued

All the women on the second floor had been in to take a look at the pretty young thing with her golden hair spread out on the pillow, and at the radiant baby, who, pink, fat and fine, slept with her two little rosettes of hands rolled into her eyes.

"Her house is thatched—God bless her," said Mrs. Corbett, as she replaced little Jacob's veil on her face. "Poor little helpless mite, who wouldn't be good to her?"

Late that night a sound came through the three arched holes in the storm sash which had a meaning for Helmi. It was the ringing of a train bell as the delayed Canadian Northern train felt its way carefully out of the yards with its heavy load of belated passengers. People may be born or may die, but someone has to be on the trains. The North Star rooming house stood near the tracks, and the sound came distinctly and innocently to Helmi's ears. She raised herself on her elbow and listened, her eyes eager and straining.

When the train had gone behind the Great West Garment Factory, and the sound of the bell had grown fainter and fainter and at last was lost in the myriad sounds of the city, Helmi fell back on her pillow sobbing like a dog in a dream. "Home for Christmas! Home for Christmas!" she murmured. "Welcome to Canada—No! No! the snow is best—I will not go to train any more—I will go down deep under snow—snow is best place."

Away below the snow, in another world, Helmi's soul wandered lonely, torn with the old problem of whether to go on or stay. Life was too hard—it had been too hard for Aunt Lili, so she stepped out and let life go on without her. God couldn't blame her for quitting. Why didn't He make life a little easier for women? God was all-powerful—He could make life as He liked. . . . God was not quite fair. . . . Why did He let things go so wrong with her? . . . Why had Jack turned against her? Why had a baby come to her, when she had no home? . . . It would be lovely to have a baby if one had a home to keep it in. . . . The girls at the Home. . . . she wondered how they could be so foolish. . . . Did they never think. . . . Now she knew it wasn't fair. . . . God was mean to women. . . . Mean to babies. Rose Lamb was right, God was like the two magistrates, red-faced, mad, terrible. . . . She hated God!

How could she mind a baby and work too? . . . No one wanted a girl with a baby. . . . The girls told her what awful things women say to a girl who goes looking for work. . . . God knew all this, and yet. . . . Rose Lamb had told her she left her baby at the Shelter, and it died in a week. . . . Rose was glad. . . . Helmi had thought it terrible for Rose to say she was glad, but now maybe the Shelter would be the best place. . . . She could not help it, anyway—no one wants a girl with a baby. It would have to go to the Shelter.

Round and round in a red-rail circle went Helmi's mind, growing sorer and sorer with thinking, and yet unable to stop.

Suddenly the baby, from the folds of its blanket at the foot of the bed, began to cry, a frightened little eerie cry, like no other sound on earth, the weakest and yet the mightiest human cry.

From the region below the snow came Helmi at the sound—Helmi, strong, defiant, generations back of her speaking in every movement, ready to face the world. The Shelter was forgotten. She reached down instinctively "Lili, little Lili, don't cry! It's all right, nothing can hurt my little Lili! Come to your all!"

Lili understood the words, and, lying in her mother's arms, went peacefully to sleep. The problem of the future ceased to trouble her. And Helmi, soothed by the presence of the little warm thing, so exquisitely dear and sweet, slipped gently into the kind gray mists of forgetfulness, where torturing hopes and choking fears were all held at bay by a kind gray veil in whose shadows her tired young soul found peace.

"She will be all right," said Maggie Corbett, when Mrs. Kalinski expressed her fears; "She is strong and healthy, and the long steep will do her good. Ain't it God's mercy that she can sleep and forget her troubles, whatever they are, poor girl? No, I don't think there is any use in sending for a doctor. They will not want to be disturbed on Christmas Eve, when there is no need, and we need not call the inspector either, for he will ask her a lot of questions that will only worry her."

"She has no ring on," said Mrs. Kalinski, sadly; "I'm afraid everything is not right."

"She has come from the North," said Mrs. Corbett, "and there's no account for her having no ring. We will say that, anyway."

After Mrs. Kalinski had gone to her own suite, Mrs. Corbett stood at the foot of the bed looking at her patient. Suddenly an idea occurred to her. She went to her rooms across the hall and made a determined search in the middle bureau drawer, which was known as the drawer "that has everything in it." Coming back, she lifted Helmi's left hand and put a ring on her finger. "If a little thing like a ring will give the poor girl back her character I will not be denying her mine, that has been too tight for me for many a day, and in case she should die it will save the wee one's good name. I will tell Mrs. Kalinski for she noticed there was some, but there's none of the rest of them need know. It will save a lot of talk and wondering. Well, there's nothing wrong with the kid, ring or no ring."

Mrs. Corbett took the slumbering infant into her own rooms for the night, at the instigation of her daughter Rose, aged twelve, who offered the young stranger a share of her bed and personal service. On the Washington couch she was placed, with a barricade of pillows in front of her to prevent any one from thoughtlessly sitting on her.

When John Corbett came home and found his family increased he expressed no surprise, nor did he offer comment when the events of the afternoon were related. But he did go to the court to get look at the baby, being warned by Rosie not to come too near for fear he would start a draught.

"She's a fine child," he said, and went back to his supper.

"Whether she is an honest woman or not, I do not know," Mrs. Corbett concluded her recital; "but I do know this—she has been treated bad. Ain't she the limit, anyway? To go off and leave a poor girl like that with no more a thought or worry about it than a tomato?"

John Corbett went on buttering his bread on the palm of his hand, and making no attempt to defend his sex. "Oh, I guess they are all bad, right enough," he said pleasantly. "I often wonder myself why the Lord ever made them. It's a good thing there comes a war every few while to kill them off—the divils!"

"Shut up, now, John, you sly old dog," said his wife, laughing, "you sure do like to get a rise out of me."

"And me just tryin' to agree with you woman?" he said.

When Danny Corbett, aged ten, came in from delivering his papers, sheeted with snow, he was allowed to look at the baby until he had taken off his outer garments and warmed himself carefully at the fire, and even then he was not allowed by the watchful Rosie to come very near. Danny offered no opinion.

After Danny had eaten his supper, Rosie made a proposition to him. "Sure, Danny, you and no could raise her if her mother dies, and she is not makin' a stir in there now no more than if she was dead. I could mind her, and you with your fine paper route now could get her milk. A bottle would last her a long time, and she would be a lot nicer than a kitten, and not any more trouble. You would get the milk, wouldn't you, Danny, and then we would go caboots on her?"

(To Be Continued.)

Continue To Uphold Authority Of Canada

Work Of R.C.M.P. Again Revealed In Annual Report

How the Royal Canadian Mounted Police—formerly styled the Royal Northwest Mounted Police—continue to uphold the authority of Canada up in the Arctic wastes, thousands of miles from civilization, is told in simple, straightforward language in the annual report of that body which has just been made public. Patrols undertaken within the shadow of the North Pole itself, demanding an absence of months from their base, involving treks over glaciers, through blinding blizzards and under conditions that call for the utmost endurance and hardihood, are recounted as a matter of routine duty.

All the land lying North of the mainland of Canada has long since been claimed as the possession of Canada, and in order to assert her authority Canada sends those stalwart constables to apply the laws of the Dominion, to succor the Eskimos, whom Canada has adopted as her wards, when they are in need of help, to establish post offices and customs posts, and in general to administer in the name of the King that vast sub-continent that lies beyond the Northern shores of this country.

Australia's First Typist

After serving 45½ years with a well known typewriting agency in Melbourne, Miss Annie M. Clarke said to be the first typist in Australia, has just retired. When the agency imported the first typewriter in 1883, Miss Clarke, who was then little more than a schoolgirl, braved the ridicule that was heaped upon women who entered business in those days and obtained a position in the office. Carbon paper and typewriter ribbons were then so scarce that they were taken home at night to be ironed out.

The block of metal which is the world's standard pound avoirdupois is kept in London.



LESSON No. 15

Question: Why is emulsified cod-liver oil so important as an added ration with milk in the diet of children?

Answer: Because when it is mixed with milk it makes milk a more efficient rickets-preventing food and builder of strong bones. Children like it best in the form of

SCOTT'S EMULSION

The flat, stale taste which you sometimes find in tea may be due to the package it is put up in. Mrs. Rose Tea is of such fine quality that no chances are taken. It is packed in aluminum, the only material that gives complete protection against dust, dampness and deterioration.

NAVAL CAPTAIN WON V.C.

Was In Command Of "Mystery Ship" Pargust During War

Captain R. N. Stuart of the Canadian Pacific Service, the only Canadian naval officer to receive a Victoria Cross during the great war, is to bring the railway company's newest passenger steamer, the Princess Elaine, from Glasgow to Victoria, B. C., whence it will enter the Vancouver-Nanaimo run early in May. The vessel was built at Clydebank.

Captain Stuart was one of the 500 officers in the Canadian Pacific Service who entered the royal navy during the war. He was in command of the "mystery ship" Pargust one day when she was torpedoed by a submarine. From all indications the Pargust was a tramp steamer. A big hole was blown in her by the Whitehead and she soon developed a heavy list.

All of the crew with the exception of Stuart and a few as daring who remained hidden aboard, fled in life boats. When it appeared that the ship was abandoned, the submarine came up and circled its victim. Then came action, Stuart and his little party jumped to their posts, unmasked the concealed guns and opened fire, with the result that the undersea craft was sunk with all its crew except one officer and one man.

Stuart received the V.C. and the D.S.O. as well for this daring feat, to add to his R.N.R. cross.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

BANANA CANOES

- 4 bananas.
- 2 oranges.
- 2 slices pineapple.

Salted dressing.

Berries or candied cherries.

With a sharp knife cut a section of skin from the concave curve of the bananas, and carefully take out the fruit, leaving the skin in the shape of a canoe. Pare oranges; remove sections, and cut in pieces; mix with pineapple (cut in pieces) and an equal amount of banana pulp (cut in pieces). Fill canoes with fruit; cover with Mayonnaise or French dressing; sprinkle generously with paprika; lay on bed of shredded lettuce, and garnish with berries or candied cherries.

EGG MILK SHAKE

- 3 cups milk.
- 3 eggs.
- 4 teaspoons sugar.
- 1 teaspoon vanilla.
- ½ teaspoon salt.

Few grains nutmeg.

Pea grains cinnamon.

Beat the eggs until very light. Add the sugar, salt, vanilla and spices, then the milk. Stir till the sugar is dissolved, then beat well. Serve cold.

A Good Investment

Mortgage On Any Useful Thing Is Not a Real Debt

A prominent banker makes the statement that four-fifths of all wage earners are in debt. Only about a quarter of the country's population, he says, are free from financial worries. This sounds somewhat appalling and might lead to the conclusion that we are an improvident nation of spendthrifts. Most people will agree that it is no fun to be in debt. The feeling that one owes money for necessities or luxuries is to the majority a disquieting one. There are indeed people who take their financial responsibilities very lightly and refuse to lose any sleep over discrepancies in the personal or family budget. But the average man and woman feel uncomfortable under such a strain. There are, however, debts and debts. The man who owes for a home, an automobile, a piano or other furniture, may be in the soundest kind of financial condition. A mortgage is no longer regarded as a sort of family skeleton, but as a very sound and rational business investment.

Forty-four Government employees are provided to serve the President of the United States in the White House.

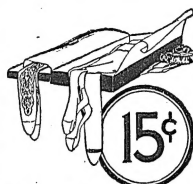
The real joy of living consists in making one's own mind a pleasant place to spend one's leisure moments.

Keep Minard's Liniment handy.

Train Stops Are Costly

Every Signal Check Means Expense To Railway Company

Although many people complain when a train is delayed because the signal is against it, few realize that every signal check is a matter of expense to the railway company. The cost of stopping and starting a passenger train in England is three shillings and sixpence, and in the case of a freight train between five and six shillings. In a year this amounts to a big sum. Because of this railway companies are trying to equine signal sections, in order to eliminate unnecessary signals.



Silk Stockings

Have stockings in the very newest shades; your old or faded stockings given any hint in the rainbow in five minutes; with fifteen cents' worth of Diamond Dyes! but use dyes, not synthetic dyes. And be sure they're true dyes.

Try a pair tonight! Use Diamond Dyes, and no one will dream they were tinted at home. And you can do real dyeing with just as perfect results, if you will just use the true Diamond Dyes.

Free: Why not ask your druggist for the very useful Diamond Dye Cyclopedic? Valuable suggestions, easy directions, and place-goods sample colors. Or write for free copy of Color Chart, a big illustrated book sent postpaid—address: DIAMOND DYES, Dept. N13, Windsor, Ontario.

Diamond Dyes

Just Dip to TINT, or Boil to DYE

Earth's Outer Atmosphere

Consists Of Helium Gas Is Opinion Of Scientists

One hundred miles above the surface of the earth the atmosphere consists almost wholly of helium gas, believes Sir William Napier Shaw, eminent meteorologist.

If this conclusion is right it will never be possible, it is contended, for aircraft to navigate the upper atmosphere.

In a new "manual of meteorology" in which Sir Napier Shaw sets forth his view he deals with many other matters bearing on atmospheric conditions.

He maintains that as the light of auroras has been seen as high as 500 miles above the earth, gases of some kind must exist far out from this globe.

Comparatively low down comes the famous "heavy side" layer in the atmosphere, 30 to 50 miles up. It is this layer which reflects wireless waves and renders wireless signalling possible.

A Household Medicine.—They that are acquainted with the sterling properties of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the treatment of many ailments would not be without it in the house. It is truly a household medicine and as it is effective in dealing with many ordinary complaints it is an inexpensive medicine. So, keep it at hand, as the call for it may come most unexpectedly.

Demand For Land

The demand for farm lands in the Lethbridge District, Alberta, is very brisk and distinctly reminiscent of pre-war years. Real estate men report a veritable siege by buyers and farmers looking for land.

Use Minard's Liniment for Corns.

Happiness doesn't consist in having everything you want, but in the ability to get more.



Just a tasteless dose of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia in water. That is an alkali, effective, yet harmless. It has been the standard antacid for 50 years among physicians everywhere. One spoonful will neutralize at once many times its volume in acid. It is the right way, the quick, pleasant and efficient way to rid the excess acid. The stomach becomes sweet, the pain de-



Little Helps For This Week

"In quietness and in confidence shall be your strength."—Isaiah xxx. 15.

I would be quiet, Lord: Nor tease nor fret: Not one small need of mine Will Thou forget.

Confidence is the secret of strength.—Monod.

A mind may be still though active; and the quietness which is part of the "confidence" we teach our children, like Christ, is only found in the close abiding in Him, embodied in His own parable of the Vine and the branches.—Rose Porter.

First Woman Ship Broker

Young English Girl Has Qualified For Unusual Position

Although not yet old enough to vote, Miss Mabel Weller, 23, has passed examinations which make her the first woman qualified as a ship broker in England. A ship's broker's duties require the negotiating of cargoes for steamers throughout the world, the bearing of responsibility for discharging of cargoes, the entering into arrangements with captains and crews of all nationalities and the employment of technical knowledge of all classes of ships and markets in the world. Miss Weller began her career in this man-directed field as a clerk in a London ship broker's firm.

NO BETTER MEDICINE FOR LITTLE ONES

Is What Thousands Of Mothers Say Of Baby's Own Tablets

A medicine for the baby or growing child—one that the mother can feel assured is absolutely safe as well as efficient—is found in Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are praised by thousands of mothers throughout the country. These mothers have found by actual experience that there is no other medicine for little ones to equal them. Once a mother has used them for her children she will use nothing else. Concerning them Mrs. Charles Hutt, Tancok Island, N.S. writes:—"I have ten children, the baby being just six months old. I have used Baby's Own Tablets for them for the past 20 years and can truthfully say that I know of no better medicine for little ones."

The Tablets in the house and would advise all other mothers to do so." Baby's Own Tablets are sold by all medicine dealers or will be mailed upon receipt of price, 25 cents per box, by The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Alberta Trappers Make Profit

The prairie fur trade of the region from Lethbridge to Medicine Hat continues to net hunters and trappers good results financially, and many buyers from distant points are in the field. Furs trapped and shipped are badger, kit fox, weasel, rabbit and coyote, and one representative farmer claims to have averaged over the past six or seven weeks \$10 to \$15 per day.

To have the children sound and healthy as the first care of a mother. They cannot help if troubled with worms. Use Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

Missed the Compliment

A chorus girl, deliciously pretty but decidedly low-brow, somehow found herself at a very select party given by a famous society woman.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any drugstore.

Sour Stomach

You are happy again in five minutes.

Don't depend on crude methods. Employ the best way yet evolved in all the years of searching. That is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any drugstore.

Operation Left Her Very Weak

Letter Tells of Wonderful Relief After Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Coniston, Ontario.—"After a severe operation and a three weeks' stay in a hospital I returned home so weak that I was unable to move a chair. For four months I was almost frantic with pains and suffering until I thought sure there could not be any help for me. I had very severe pains in my left side and suffered agony every month. One day when I was not able to get up my mother begged me to try your medicine. My husband got me a bottle of Vegetable Compound at once and I took it. I started a new bottle and to my surprise and joy the pains in my side left me completely and I am able to do all my work and help. I am a farmer's wife, so you see I can't be idle long. In all, I have seen six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, five boxes of the Compound Tablets, two bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Medicine, and have also used the Sanative Wash."—Mrs. L. LAUDENSHAM, Box 103, Coniston, Ontario.

W. N. U. 3727

Premier To Visit District In July

Just before leaving Edmonton after the session Mr. Proudfoot arranged an itinerary for the premier which will allow him to spend some time in the constituencies of Empress, Acadia and Hand Hills studying conditions and meeting with the people. Three days are allotted to him south of the Red Deer river, three days in Acadia and two days in the Hand Hills constituency. Mr. Proudfoot will meet the premier at Empress and July 3, 4 and 5 will be spent driving through the constituency and stopping over at various points, after which he will proceed to Hand Hills, where Mr. Forster will look after him. Youngstown is included in the places he is to visit, and while here, no doubt, he will be given an opportunity to visit the school of agriculture and government farm.

Speaking with regard to the agricultural high school question, which Mr. Proudfoot had been pressing on the government for some time, he stated that everything seems to be pointing towards this form of education being adopted at some time.

"The whole question is going to be overhauled during the coming summer," stated the Acadia member. "Before leaving I had the pleasure of hearing the Minister of Education outline plans for five high schools, each one of which would be of a different type." He added that one was to be used for training teachers, one for the training of those who intended to enter the professions, another for agricultural people who intended to go back on the land. This, he stated, was working toward his own theories.

In Saskatchewan, Mr. Proudfoot pointed out, they were also contemplating steps along these lines that were not yet provided for. He had it on good authority that the government in that province was thinking of picking out a few high schools and attaching to each an agricultural course.

Referring to the newspaper reports last week of the premier being angry because of the opposition of himself, G. Forster and other members, Mr. Proudfoot said that the incident was overdrawn by the papers and not as reported in Calgary papers at all. He laughed as he recalled what a joke the premier thought it was, as he read the Calgary report to the house the next day while waiting for the lieutenant-governor to come in.

The premier, he said, asked those who were opposed to any measure to say so. He had opposed the bill for licensing of real estate agents. It was the real estate agents themselves who were pressing for the bill. Mr. Forster, of course, had a great liking for getting after lawyers. Plaindealer.

Northern Railway Business Active

An indication of the healthy growth of the northern part of the province is given in figures submitted to the legislature by Premier Brownlee. With reference to the operation of the E.B. and B.C. and Central Canada railway lines north of Edmonton this year as compared with last year, the figures presented showed the following remarkable gains:

Revenue-Freight, January 1 to March 16, 1928, a total of 4,832 cars as compared with 2,743 cars in the same period last year, an increase of 73 per cent.

Carloads Settlers' Effects-102 as compared with 15 in corresponding period last year, an increase of 580 per cent.

Passengers-Jan. 1 to Feb. 29, a total of 13,588 as compared with 9,896 in same period last year, an increase of 37 per cent.

High School Entertainment and Dance a Success

The students of the Chinook High School are to be congratulated on the success of the entertainment and leap year dance given at the school last Friday night. A large gathering of people were present and all enjoyed the programme, every number of which was well rendered.

The school hall was tastefully decorated for the occasion. The programme for the evening took the form of the usual school literary meeting, with President Irene Marcy presiding. After the minutes of the previous meeting were read by the secretary, the following programme was then rendered:

O Canada.
Song, "Pal of My Dreams," by Muriel McIntosh, Dorothy Carter, Urdine Brownell, Dorothy Neff, Marjorie Lee, Jean McIntosh and Audrey Neff.

Recitation, "Seven Ages of Mer," Willie Thompson.

Recitation, "Seven Ages of Women," Irene Marcy.

Piano Duet, Audrey and Dorothy Neff.

Reading of School Paper, by Dorothy Carter.

Song, "Among My Souvenirs," Oratorical Speech, by Murdoch McPherson.

Song, "There Were Three Crows," by boys from Mrs. Vanstone's room.

Art Display, John Howison.

Play, "Crowded Hotel," Murdoch McPherson, Willie Thompson, Alfred Deman, Rolland Massey and Lowell Brownell.

The meeting then closed with the singing of the National Anthem.

A good crowd enjoyed the Leap Year dance after the close of the programme. The Ladies' Choice was very novel and was exceedingly well carried out all through the evening.

The total proceeds of the evening amounted to \$103.

Old Resident Celebrates Birthday

A birthday party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Claus Holen on Sunday last, when Mr. Holen celebrated his 73rd birthday. About twelve of the children and grandchildren, and a number of other friends, were present and enjoyed the event.

Mr. and Mrs. Holen are old residents of the district, having lived on the homestead for over eighteen years, and although of a ripe old age, both are enjoying good health.

The Advance joins with the family and friends in wishing Mr. Holen many happy returns of the day.

Meeting of Agricultural Society Directors-Prize List Revised

A meeting of the Directors of the Agricultural Society was held on Saturday afternoon, March 31. Jas. Young, President in the chair. Present Messrs J. Young, W. S. Warren, E. B. Allen, F. Sayers, C. E. Neff, D. J. Stewart, and F. Foster. It was decided to hold a Ploughing Match on 8th of June and to hold a dance on the evening of the day in which the ploughing match is held. Several new classes are being added to the Prize list. Four horse teams and a Hitching Contest will be among the additions to the list. The revised prize list will be in the hands of the printers next week, and a bigger and better fair than ever is the aim of the Directors.

It makes one think that winter is over when we see so many automobiles flying around again. It is wonderful the way the roads have dried up within the last week.

Here and There

(30) David J. Gowan has been appointed assistant general manager of hotels eastern lines. Canadian Pacific Railway announcement was made recently. Mr. Gowan whose headquarters will be in Montreal has been connected with the railway for over thirty years and has been handling C. P. R. hotel work since 1905.

Vancouver.—The first radio telephone conversation between Vancouver and Great Britain took place on Thursday, March 8th, when a member of a local business firm talked to a representative of the firm in London. Each could hear the other distinctly, they said. The call lasted four minutes and cost \$76. This conversation was said to be the longest ever made in the British Empire, spanning a distance of 7,000 miles.

John G. Strathdee, director of winter sports at the Chateau Frontenac, Quebec City, states that the winter season here concluded there was the best in the history of the city. Many parties came from New York, New England states, Chicago and even as far south as Wilmington, Del. The season practically came to an end with the Eastern International Ice Derby February 20-22, having commenced at the end of December.

A contract for the building of a new steamer for the British Columbia Coast Steamship Service to take the place of the Princess Beatrice on the Prince Rupert, Skagway or west coast of Vancouver Island run, has been signed by E. W. Beatty, chairman and president of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. The new steamer will be 200 feet long by 48 feet broad and will have a service speed of 15 knots with accommodation for 170 first-class passengers.

According to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics the average production of wheat over the five years 1923-26 in Manitoba was 17.5 bushels to the acre. In Saskatchewan it was 17.3 bushels to the acre and in Alberta 17.2 bushels to the acre. The average yields per bushel in the same period were respectively \$1.00, 97c and 94c, making the respective returns per acre from wheat for the three provinces \$17.50, \$16.78 and \$16.16.

Commenting on the use of the harvester-thresher or "combine" in Saskatchewan the International Harvester Co. states that during 1924 and 1925 representatives concluded the general use of this machine for harvesting grain crops in Western Canada was thoroughly practicable. In 1924 a number of machines were sold there and excellent testimonials were received from purchasers. In 1927 there was a greatly increased sale due to the showing, and results even under the unfavorable conditions prevailing that season were strikingly successful.

Over 600 new families settling in Canada this year with limited capital can be looked after and settled advantageously in Alberta by the various provincial agents. Canada Colonization Association, according to reports submitted by various representatives at the annual Alberta convention just concluded at Calgary. The objective first set was 400 families, but a survey showed that at least 200 more settlements could be made. T. O. F. Herzer, manager of the association, reported that during the past three years 482 families had been settled in Alberta on 122,520 acres of land, of which 183 were settled last year.

Have you any article laying around that you do not need—that would be more profitable if turned into money? A small ad. in the classified column of the Advance will let the whole district know about it. There is no better way of making quick sales than through these columns.




We want to know you better

The church has a definite service to perform. Its purpose is to help humanity. It wants your help in its efforts to help others. We want to know you better. Won't you come to church next Sunday, shake hands, and say you are ready to help in the greatest work on earth today—the work of bringing the world to Christ?

Chinook United Church
Sunday School 11 a.m.
Rev. A. G. Gay, B.A., Pastor.

Dr. J. ESLER

Physician and Surgeon, Cerebral
Will be at the
Chinook Hotel every Tuesday
and Friday



CHASSIS DEMONSTRATION OF THE Bigger and Better CHEVROLET

WITH MOVING PICTURES

In Chinook School, April 7

2.30 p.m.

Come and discover the qualities that make Chevrolet Bigger and Better. Have all its modern mechanical features fully and clearly explained by an expert from the General Motors' factories.

In all automobile history . . . in all Chevrolet's thirteen years of constant progress . . . there has never been a low-priced car so luxurious, so modern, so beautiful as the Bigger and Better Chevrolet. This demonstration will show you why, in an interesting and instructive way.

Come . . . whether you contemplate buying a car or not.

Everybody Welcome — Admission FREE

C. V. Johnson

Chinook - - - - - Alberta

Mortgage Sale of Farm Properties

Pursuant to the directions of the Registrar and by virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by The Land Titles Act under two certain mortgages which will be produced at the time of the sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction at the Acadia Hotel, in the Village of Chinook, in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday, the 28th day of April, 1928, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the following properties, namely:

Parcel 1. The North Half of Section 19, in Township 27, and Range 7, West of the 4th Meridian in Alberta.

Parcel 2. The East Half of Section 13, in Township 27, and Range 8, West of the 4th Meridian in Alberta.

Reserving out of each parcel all mines and minerals and the right to work the same.

Terms of sale to be Twenty per cent cash at the time of the sale and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the vendor's solicitors. Parcel 1 will be offered for sale separately. Immediately thereafter and whether the auction of parcel 1 shall have been successful or not, parcel 2 will be offered for sale separately.

Each parcel will be offered for sale free from all encumbrances save a share-crop tenancy of parcel 2 terminable by notice between 1st December, 1928, and 1st March, 1929, and taxes for the current year.

The vendor is informed that parcel 1 is situated about 11 miles and parcel 2 about 6 miles from the Village of Chinook, and that as to:

Parcel 1. There is situated thereon no buildings, but about 3 miles of fencing and about 85 acres are under cultivation.

Parcel 2. There is situated thereon a dwelling house 26 ft. by 10 ft. with addition 8 ft. by 6 ft., a stable 18 ft. by 26 ft. with addition 14 ft. by 14 ft., 2 granaries 12 ft. by 14 ft. and 10 ft. by 12 ft., and a shed 12 ft. by 12 ft. also 2 miles of fencing and a well, and that about 165 acres are under cultivation.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to D. E. Bell Barrister, Chinook, Alberta.

DATED this 25th day of February, A.D. 1928.
Approved: W. FORBES, Registrar.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR SALE: Bromo Grass Seed, 6 cts. per lb. J. C. Turple, Phone R 511, Chinook.

FOR RENT—Good house for rent. Apply at Advance Office.

DR. HOLT

DENTIST
will be at the
Acadia Hotel, Chinook, Every
Thursday

Walter M. Crockett,

LL.B.,
Barrister Solicitor,
Notary Public

Youngstown Alberta

B. H. DIAL

Licensed Auctioneer
Arrange dates at the Chinook
Advance, or write or phone
me at
OYEN ALBERTA

Mah Bros. Cafe

Good Meals at All Hours
Confectionery of all kinds
Fresh Oysters Fresh Fruit

Crocus Lodge, No. 115, G.R.A.

A. F. & A. M.
Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday or
after the full moon.
Visiting brethren cordially wel-
comed.

J. R. FEATHERSTON
W. M.
R. W. WRIGHT
Secretary

W. M. WRIGHT

W. M. WRIGHT

W. M. WRIGHT

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Motor Truck Delivery

Prompt Service and prices reasonable
M. L. CHAPMAN
Chinook, Alta.

J. W. BREDIN

Licensed Auctioneer
FOR DATES

Phone 4 CEREAL or Write Box 49

King Restaurant

Meals at all Hours

Our restaurant has been thoroughly
renovated, and new booths installed

All kinds of Tobaccos, Soft Drinks
and Candies. ICE CREAM

CHINOOK ALTA.

W. W. Ishister

General Blacksmith

Coltars and Dics Sharpened

Horse-shoeing and General

Wood Work Repairing.

We guarantee our work.

CHINOOK - ALTA.

At the Elevators

(Prices Paid Yesterday)

Wheat

1 Northern 1.30

2 Northern 1.23

3 Northern 1.10

Oats

2 C. W.57

3 C. W.54

No. 1 Feed49

Barley

3 C. W.75

4 C. W.71

Feed68

Rye

2 C. W.99

3 C. W.96

Flax

1 N. W. 1.60

2 C. W. 1.55

3 C. W. 1.45

Butter

30-35

Eggs

22-25